## Low Voltage Final Distribution

Acti9 Protection and Isolation
General overview Circuit Protective Devices ..... C-3
Switches and Disconnectors
iSW switches ..... C-5
Accessorisation / Auxiliarisation iSW ..... C-8
Circuit Protective Devices - MCBs
iC60N miniature circuit breakers (6000A MCBs) ..... C-9
iC60H miniature circuit breakers(10000A MCBs) ..... C-12
iC60L miniature circuit breakers (15kA MCBs) ..... C-16
Accessorisation / Auxiliarisation iC60 ..... C-19
C60H-DC miniature circuit breakers (DC MCBs) ..... C-20
Accessorisation / Auxiliarisation C60H-DC ..... C-23
C120N miniature circuit breakers (10000A MCBs) ..... C-24
C120H miniature circuit breakers (15000A MCBs) ..... C-25
Accessorisation / Auxiliarisation C120, Vigi C120 ..... C-28
STI isolatable fuse-carriers ..... C-29
Earth Leakage Protection Devices
General overview. ..... C-32
Residual Current Devices - RCDs
iID residual current circuit breakers (A, A-SI type RCCBs) ..... C-35
ilD residual current circuit breakers (B-SI type RCCBs) ..... C-38
iID residual current circuit breakers (B-EV type RCCBs) ..... C-39
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (A type) ..... C-42
Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices (A type) ..... C-46
iDPN Vigi residual current devices (A, A-SI type RCBOs) ..... C-49
iC60N residual current devices (A type RCBOs) ..... C-51
iC60H residual current devices (A type RCBOs) ..... C-52
iC60H2 residual current devices (A type 2P RCBOs) ..... C-53
iSPN Vigi residual current devices ( 10 mA RCBOs) ..... C-56
Arc Fault Detection Devices - AFDDs
iDPH VigiARC Arc fault detection RCBOs ..... C-58
Surge Protection Devices - SPDs
iPRD1 Surge arresters Type $1+2$ ..... C-60
iPRD Surge arresters Type 2 or Type 3 ..... C-62
Accessories
iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iSW ..... C-66
C120, C60H-DC, iSW ..... C-71
NG125 Devices ..... C-73
Auxiliaries
iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iDPN VigiARC ..... C-74
C120, C60H-DC ..... C-82

## Low Voltage Final Distribution

## Acti9 Control and signalling

## Push-buttons and Indication

iPB Push-Buttons ..... C-87
ilL indicator lights ..... C-88
Selector switches
iSSW Linear Switches ..... C-89
Remote Control
iCT contactors ..... C-90
iCT contactor auxiliaries ..... C-95
iCT+ high-performance contactors ..... C-100
iTL impulse relays ..... C-102
iTL+ high-performance impulse relays ..... C-116
Time Delay Relays ..... C-118

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## Choice of Circuit Protective Devices

Protection of electrical circuits against short circuits and thermal overloads

Protection of loads against overloads


Protection of control devices


Protection for people against indirect contacts in IT and
TN earthing systems

- Circuit breakers can:
- Provide protection against fires that might be caused by a faulty electric circuit (short circuit, overload, insulation fault)
- Provide protection against electric shock in the event of indirect contact.
$\square$ The choice of circuit breakers must be optimised to provide optimum protection while providing continuity of service.
- Although circuit breakers are sometimes used as circuit control devices, it is recommended to install separate control devices which are more suitable for frequent switching operations (switch, contactor, impulse relay).


## Choice of protective circuit breakers

This depends on several criteria:

- breaking capacity
- max. voltage rating
- planned amperage for the circuit to be protected
- nature and cross section of cables
- ambient temperature (possible derating)
- the loads, which determine the number of poles of the protective circuit breaker installed on their power supply circuit and the tripping curve.


## Choice of breaking capacity

- The breaking capacity must be greater than or equal to the prospective short circuit current (Isc) upstream of the circuit breaker (Isc depends on the length and cross section of the cable and the power of the source).
- However, in the event of use in combination with an upstream circuit breaker limiting the current, this breaking capacity can possibly be reduced (cascading, see module 557E4200 and short circuit current limiting, see module CA908025).


## Choice of rating

- The rating (In) is chosen above all to protect the electrical connections:
- for cables: it is chosen according to the current carrying capacity
- for Canalis prefabricated busbar trunking: it must be simply less than or equal to the rating of the busbar trunking.
- Generally, the rating should be greater than the nominal current of the circuits.


## Choice of tripping curve

The tripping curve makes the protection more or less sensitive to:

- the inrush current at power up
- the overload current.


| Tripping thresholds (x ln) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Curves | AS/NZS 60898 and ASI NZS IEC 60947-2 | AS/NZS 60898 and AS/ NZS IEC 60947-2 |
| B | Between 3 In and 5 In | Between 3.2 In and 4.8 In |
| C | Between 5 In and 10 ln | Between 7 In and 10 In |
| D or K | - | Between 10 In and 14 In |
| MA | - | 12 ln |
| Z | - | Between 2.4 In and 3.6 In |

- To prevent nuisance tripping, it may be advisable to choose a less sensitive curve, e.g. change from B to C (tripping curves, see module CA908024).


## Acti9 Isolation and Overcurrent Protection

## General overview

## Choice of Circuit Protective Devices

## Continuity of service

- Nuisance tripping can be generated by
- the inrush current at circuit closure
- the overload current, and sometimes the harmonic current flowing through the neutral of three-phase circuits ${ }^{(1)}$.


## Solutions

- Choose a circuit breaker with a less sensitive curve: change from B curve to C curve or from C curve to D curve (2).
- Reduce the number of loads per circuit.
- Energise the circuits in succession, using time delay auxiliaries on the control devices.
- Increase the rating of the circuit breaker to a greater value that will still maintain the protection of the downstream circuit.
- Ensure discrimination of the protective devices (see modules 557E4300/4305/4310/4320/4330).


Discrimination is the coordination of automatic breaking devices in such a way that a fault occurring at any point on the network is interrupted by the circuit breaker located immediately upstream of the fault, and by it alone.

## Total discrimination

For all values of the fault, from overload to non-resistive short circuit, distribution is fully discriminating if D2 opens and if D1 remains closed.

## Partial discrimination

Discrimination is partial if the above condition is not complied with up to full short circuit current, but only up to a lower value. This value is called the discrimination limit. In the event of a fault exceeding this value, circuit breakers D1 and D2 open.
(1) In the specific case of three-phase circuits supplying single-phase non-linear loads such as single-phase VSD's or discharge lamps with electronic ballasts, harmonic currents of the third order and multiples of three are generated. The neutral cable must be sized to prevent it from overheating. However, the current flowing through the neutral conductor may become greater than the current of each phase and cause nuisance tripping.
(2) In the case of installations with very long cables in a TN or IT system, it may be necessary to add an earth leakage protection device to provide protection against indirect contact due to increased earth fault loop impedance

Circuit isolation

## Switching and Disconnection

The purpose of disconnection is to separate and isolate a circuit or a device from the rest of the electrical installation in order to provide safety for personnel having to work on the electrical installation for maintenance or repair.

- The circuit breaker must interrupt all active conductors. The neutral (1), may be interrupted according to the restrictions of AS/NZS 3000
- It must be lockable or padlockable in "open" position in order to prevent any unintentional reclosing, at least in industrial environments.
- It must be suitable for isolation.
(1) With the exception of the PEN conductor, which should never be cut off.


## Motor protection

Protection of motors against risks of overheating due, for example, to an extended overload, rotor blocking or singlephase operation. Given the specific characteristics of motors:

- overload detection is provided by a thermal relay specially designed for their protection.
- in this case short circuit protection is provided by a circuit breaker without a thermal release (MA type).


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## iSW switches



## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## General overview

## iSW switches



Large circuit labelling area


VISI-SAFE window

## Positive contact indication

- Suitable for industrial isolation according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 standard.
- A green strip on the toggle indicates full opening of all the poles

Dimensions (mm)

iSW


iOF

General overview

## iSW switches



Technical data

| Main characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) | 500 VAC |
| Pollution degree | 3 |
| Power circuit |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | 6 kV |
| Operating category | AC-22 A |
| Permissible rated short-time withstand current (Icw) | 1500 A |
| Conditional rated short-circuit current (Inc) | 10 kA according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-3 |
| Rated short-circuit closing current (Icm) | 5 kA |
| Direct current use | iSW40/63 A |
| Operating category | DC-22A |
| Voltage rating (Ue) | 48 V DC |
|  | 110 V DC with 2 poles in series |
| Additional characteristics |  |
| Degree of protection | IP20 |
| Device in modular enclosure | IP40 Insulation class II |
| Endurance (O-C) | 20,000 cycles |
|  | $40 \mathrm{~A}-63 \mathrm{~A}$ (15,000 cycles |
|  | $80 \mathrm{~A}-100 \mathrm{~A}$ - 10,000 cycles |
|  | 125 A 2500 cycles |
| Operating temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Tropicalization | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| iOF characteristics |  |
| Rated voltage (Ue) | 240... 415 VAC |
|  | 24...130 V DC |
| Operating frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | 24 VDC 6 A |
|  | 48 VDC 2 A |
|  | 60 V DC 1.5 A |
|  | 130 V DC 1 A |
|  | 240 VAC 6 A |
|  | 415 VAC 3 A |
| Number of contacts | 1 NO/NC |
| Operating temperature | $-35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

Accessories

## Accessorisation / Auxiliarisation iSW

Connection accessories
$1 \quad 50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ Al terminal

## 27060

Mounting accessories

| 2 | Sealable terminal shields for top and bottom connection | 1 P (set of 2) | A9A26975 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2 P (set of 2) | A9A26976 |
|  |  | 3P | $1 P+2 P$ |
|  |  | 4 P | $2 P+2 P$ |
| 3 | Interpole barrier | (set of 10) | A9A27001 |
| 4 | 9 mm spacer |  | A9A27062 |
| 5 | Padlocking device | (set of 10) | A9A26970 |
| 6 |  | Plug-in base | A9A27003 |
| 7 | Rotary handle | Black handle | A9A27005 |
|  |  | Red handle | A9A27006 |

## Auxiliary

## Indication

8 iOF open/close auxiliary contact
A9A26924
OF open/close auxiliary contact A9A26924


1
1

## 

$\qquad$


7


General overview

## iC60N miniature circuit breakers (curve C, D)

## AS/NZS IEC 60947-2

AS/NZS 60898-1
As per the above standards:

- iC60N circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitable for industrial isolation according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2, standard.
- fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.


Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

| Breaking capacity (Icu) according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (Ics) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Voltage (Ue) |  |  |  |
| Ph/Ph (2P, 3P) |  | 12 to 133 V | 230 to 240 V |  |  |
| Ph/N (1P) |  | 12 to 60 V | 100 to 133 V |  |  |
| Rating (In) | 1 to 4 A | 50 kA | 50 kA | 50 kA | $100 \%$ of Icu |
|  | 6 to 63 A | 36 kA | 20 kA | 10 kA | $75 \%$ of Icu |


| Breaking capacity (Icn) according to AS/NZS 60898-1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Voltage (Ue) |
| Ph/Ph | 400 to 415 V |
| Ph/N | 230 to 240 V |
| Rating (In) | 1 to 63 A |$\quad 6000 \mathrm{~A}$.

Direct current (DC)
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2
Service breaking capacity (Ics)

|  |  | Voltage (Ue) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 250 V | 500 V |  |  |  |
| Between +/- |  | 1 P | 2 P |  |  |
| Number of poles |  | $\mathbf{1}$ to 63 A | 6 kA | 6 kA | $75 \%$ of Icu |
| Rating (In) |  |  |  |  |  |

Catalog numbers
iC60N circuit breaker

| Type | 1P |  | 2P |  | 3P |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Curve |
| Rating (In) | D | C | D | C | D | C |
| $1 \mathrm{~A}(1)$ |  | A9F44101 |  | A9F44201 |  | A9F44301 |
| $2 \mathrm{~A}(1)$ |  | A9F44102 |  | A9F44202 |  | A9F44302 |
| 4 A (1) |  | A9F44104 |  | A9F44204 |  | A9F44304 |
| 6 A | A9F45106 | A9F44106 | A9F45206 | A9F44206 | A9F45306 | A9F44306 |
| 10 A | A9F45110 | A9F44110 | A9F45210 | A9F44210 | A9F45310 | A9F44310 |
| 16 A | A9F45116 | A9F44116 | A9F45216 | A9F44216 | A9F45316 | A9F44316 |
| 20 A | A9F45120 | A9F44120 | A9F45220 | A9F44220 | A9F45320 | A9F44320 |
| 25 A | A9F45125 | A9F44125 | A9F45225 | A9F44225 | A9F45325 | A9F44325 |
| 32 A | A9F45132 | A9F44132 | A9F45232 | A9F44232 | A9F45332 | A9F44332 |
| 40 A | A9F45140 | A9F44140 | A9F45240 | A9F44240 | A9F45340 | A9F44340 |
| 50 A | A9F45150 | A9F44150 | A9F45250 | A9F44250 | A9F45350 | A9F44350 |
| 63 A | A9F45163 | A9F44163 | A9F45263 | A9F44263 | A9F45363 | A9F44363 |
| Width in 9-mm modules | 2 |  | 4 |  | 6 |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## General overview

## iC60N circuit breakers (curve C, D) (cont.)

Double clip for dismounting
with comb busbar in place


Large circuit labelling area


Double clip for dismounting with comb busbar in place

Insulated terminals IP20


In


VISI-SAFE window
Fault tripping is indicated by a red mechanical indicator on the front face

General overview

## iC60N circuit breakers (curve C, D) (cont.)

Connection


Technical data


| Main characteristics |
| :--- |
| According to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |


| Insulation voltage (Ui) |
| :--- |
| Pollution degree |


| Pollution degree | 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | 6 |


| Thermal tripping | Reference temperature | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Temperature derating | See module CA908007 |
| Magnetic tripping | C curve | $8 \operatorname{In} \pm 20 \%$ |
| Utilization category | A |  |
| According to AS/NZS 60898-1 |  |  |
| Limitation class | 3 |  |
| Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (Icn1) | Icn1 = Icn |  |


| Additional characteristics |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breaking capacity under 1 pole with IT $380-415 \mathrm{~V}$ isolated neutral system (case of double fault) | 40 A | 4 kA |  |
|  | 50/63 A | 3 kA |  |
| Degree of protection (IEC 60529) | Device only | IP20 |  |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 | Insulation class II |
| Endurance (O-C) | Electrical | 10,000 cycles |  |
|  | Mechanical | 20,000 cycles |  |
| Overvoltage category (IEC 60364) |  | IV |  |
| Operating temperature |  | $-35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1) |  | Treatment 2 (rela | \% at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |

Weight (g) Dimensions (mm)

## Circuit-breaker

| Type | iC60N |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1 P$ | 125 |
| $2 P$ | 250 |
| $3 P$ | 375 |
| $4 P$ | 500 |



## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## iC60H miniature circuit breakers (curve B, C, D)

## AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 <br> AS/NZS 60898-1

## As per the above standards:



Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

| Breaking capacity (Icu) according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |  |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (Ics) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Voltage (Ue) |  |  |  |  |
| Ph/Ph (2P, 3P) |  | 12 to 133 V | 220 to 240 V | 380 to 415 V | 440 V |  |
| Ph/N (1P) |  | 12 to 60 V | 100 to 133 V | 220 to 240 V | - |  |
| Rating (In) | 1 to 4 A | 70 kA | 70 kA | 70 kA | 50 kA | $100 \%$ of Icu |
|  | 6 to 63 A | 42 kA | 30 kA | 15 kA | 10 kA | $75 \%$ of Icu |


| Breaking capacity (Icn) according to AS/NZS 60898-1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Voltage (Ue) |
| Ph/Ph | 400 to 415 V |  |
| Ph/N | 230 to 240 V |  |
| Rating (In) | 1 to 63 A | 10000 A |

Direct current (DC)

| Breaking capacity (Icu) according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |  |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (Ics) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Voltage (Ue) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Between +/- | 12 to 60 V | $\leq 72 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 125 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 180 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 250 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Number of poles | 1 P |  | 2P | 3P | 4P |  |
| Rating (In) | 20 kA | 15 kA | 15 kA | 15 kA | 15 kA | 100\% of Icu |

Catalog numbers
iC60H circuit breaker

| Type | 1P |  |  | 2P |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rating (In) | Curve |  |  | Curve |  |  |
|  | B | C | $\mathrm{D}^{(1)}$ | B | C | $D^{(1)}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{~A}^{(1)}$ | A9F53101 | A9F54101 | A9F55101 | A9F53201 | A9F54201 | A9F55201 |
| $2 \mathrm{~A}^{(1)}$ | A9F53102 | A9F54102 | A9F55102 | A9F53202 | A9F54202 | A9F55202 |
| $4 \mathrm{~A}^{(1)}$ | A9F53104 | A9F54104 | A9F55104 | A9F53204 | A9F54204 | A9F55204 |
| 6 A | A9F53106 | A9F54106 | A9F55106 | A9F53206 | A9F54206 | A9F55206 |
| 10 A | A9F53110 | A9F54110 | A9F55110 | A9F53210 | A9F54210 | A9F55210 |
| 16 A | A9F53116 | A9F54116 | A9F55116 | A9F53216 | A9F54216 | A9F55216 |
| 20 A | A9F53120 | A9F54120 | A9F55120 | A9F53220 | A9F54220 | A9F55220 |
| 25 A | A9F53125 | A9F54125 | A9F55125 | A9F53225 | A9F54225 | A9F55225 |
| 32 A | A9F53132 | A9F54132 | A9F55132 | A9F53232 | A9F54232 | A9F55232 |
| 40 A | A9F53140 | A9F54140 | A9F55140 | A9F53240 | A9F54240 | A9F55240 |
| 50 A | A9F53150 | A9F54150 | A9F55150 | A9F53250 | A9F54250 | A9F55250 |
| 63 A | A9F53163 | A9F54163 | A9F55163 | A9F53263 | A9F54263 | A9F55263 |
| Width in 9-mm modules | 2 |  |  | 4 |  |  |

General overview

## iC60H miniature circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

Catalog numbers
iC60H circuit breaker

| Type | 3P |  |  | 4P |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rating (In) | Curve |  |  | Curve |  |  |
|  | B | C | $\mathrm{D}^{(1)}$ | B | C | $\mathrm{D}^{(1)}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{~A}^{(1)}$ | A9F53301 | A9F54301 | A9F55301 | A9F53401 | A9F54401 | N/A |
| $2 \mathrm{~A}^{(1)}$ | A9F53302 | A9F54302 | A9F55302 | A9F53402 | A9F54402 | A9F55402 |
| $4 \mathrm{~A}^{(1)}$ | A9F53304 | A9F54304 | A9F55304 | N/A | A9F54404 | A9F55404 |
| 6 A | A9F53306 | A9F54306 | A9F55306 | A9F53406 | A9F54406 | A9F55406 |
| 10 A | A9F53310 | A9F54310 | A9F55310 | A9F53410 | A9F54410 | A9F55410 |
| 16 A | A9F53316 | A9F54316 | A9F55316 | A9F53416 | A9F54416 | A9F55416 |
| 20 A | A9F53320 | A9F54320 | A9F55320 | A9F53420 | A9F54420 | A9F55420 |
| 25 A | A9F53325 | A9F54325 | A9F55325 | A9F53425 | A9F54425 | A9F55425 |
| 32 A | A9F53332 | A9F54332 | A9F55332 | A9F53432 | A9F54432 | A9F55432 |
| 40 A | A9F53340 | A9F54340 | A9F55340 | A9F53440 | A9F54440 | A9F55440 |
| 50 A | A9F53350 | A9F54350 | A9F55350 | A9F53450 | A9F54450 | A9F55450 |
| 63 A | A9F53363 | A9F54363 | A9F55363 | A9F53463 | A9F54463 | A9F55463 |
| Width in 9-mm modules | 6 |  |  | 8 |  |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## General overview

## iC60H circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

Insulated terminals IP20


Double clip for dismounting with comb busbar in place


Double clip for dismounting with comb busbar in place


Large circuit labelling area


Positive contact indication

- Suitable for industrial isolation according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 standard.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees physical opening of the contacts and allows operations to be performed on the downstream circuit in complete safety

Increased product service life thanks to:

- overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
- high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
- fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.


General overview

## iC60H miniature circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)



Technical data


| Main characteristics |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| According to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 | 500 VAC |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) | 3 |
| Pollution degree | Reference temperature |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{CV}$ |
| Thermal tripping | Temperature derating |
|  | B curve |
| Magnetic tripping | C curve |
|  | D curve |
|  |  |
| Utilization category | 8 In $\pm 20 \%$ |
| According to AS/NZS 60898-1 |  |
| Limitation class | $12 \mathrm{In} \pm 20 \%$ |
| Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (Icn1) | Icn $1=\operatorname{lcn}$ |

## Additional characteristics



| Breaking capacity under 1 <br> pole with IT $380-415 \mathrm{~V}$ isolated <br> neutral system <br> (case of double fault) | 40 A | 4 kA |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 50/63 A | 3 kA |  |
| Degree of protection (IEC 60529) | Device only | IP20 |  |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 | Insulation class II |
| Endurance (O-C) | Electrical | 10,000 cycles |  |
|  | Mechanical | 20,000 cycles |  |
| Overvoltage category (IEC 60364) |  | IV |  |
| Operating temperature |  | $-35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1) |  | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |

Weight (g) Dimensions (mm)

## Circuit-breaker

| Type | IC60N |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1 P$ | 125 |
| $2 P$ | 250 |
| $3 P$ | 375 |
| $4 P$ | 500 |



## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## iC60L miniature circuit breakers (curve B, C)

AS/NZS IEC 60947-2
AS/NZS 60898-1 up to 40 A
iC60L circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitable for industrial isolation according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2, standard.
- fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.

Alternating current (AC) $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$


| Breaking capacity (Icu) according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |  |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (lcs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Voltage (Ue) |  |  |  |  |
| Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P) |  | 12 to 133 V | 220 to 240 V | 380 to 415 V | 440 V |  |
| Ph/N (1P) |  | 12 to 60 V | 100 to 133 V | 220 to 240 V | - |  |
| Rating (In) | 1 to 4 A | 100 kA | 100 kA | 100 kA | 70 kA | $100 \%$ of Icu |
|  | 6 to 63 A | 70 kA | 50 kA | 25 kA | 20 kA | $50 \%$ of Icu ${ }^{(1)}$ |
|  | $32 / 40 \mathrm{~A}$ | 70 kA | 36 kA | 20 kA | 15 kA | $50 \%$ of Icu |
|  | $50 / 63$ A | 70 kA | 30 kA | 15 kA | 10 kA | $50 \%$ of Icu |


| Breaking capacity (lcn) according to AS/NZS 60898-1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Voltage (Ue) |
| Ph/Ph | 400 to 415 V |  |
| Ph/N | 230 to 240 V |  |
| Rating (In) | $\mathbf{1}$ to 40 A | 15000 A |

Direct current (DC)

| Breaking capacity (lcu) according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |  |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (lcs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Voltage (Ue) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Between +/- | 12 to 60 V | $\leq 72 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 125 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 180 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 250 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Number of poles | 1P |  | 2P | 3P | 4 P |  |
| Rating (In) 0.5 to 63 A | 25 kA | 20 kA | 20 kA | 20 kA | 20 kA | 100\% of Icu |

Catalog numbers
iC60L circuit breaker

| Type |  | $2 P$ | A |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

General overview

## iC60L circuit breakers (curve B, C) (cont.)

## Catalog numbers

iC60L circuit breaker

| Type | 3P |  | 4P |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Rating (In) | Curve |  | Curve |  |
|  | B | C | B | C |
| 1 A | A9F93301 | A9F94301 | A9F93401 | A9F94401 |
| 2 A | A9F93302 | A9F94302 | A9F93402 | A9F94402 |
| 4 A | A9F93304 | A9F94304 | A9F93404 | A9F94404 |
| 6 A | A9F93306 | A9F94306 | A9F93406 | A9F94406 |
| 10 A | A9F93310 | A9F94310 | A9F93410 | A9F94410 |
| 16 A | A9F93316 | A9F94316 | A9F93416 | A9F94416 |
| 20 A | A9F93320 | A9F94320 | A9F93420 | A9F94420 |
| 25 A | A9F93325 | A9F94325 | A9F93425 | A9F94425 |
| 32 A | A9F93332 | A9F94332 | A9F93432 | A9F94432 |
| 40 A | A9F93340 | A9F94340 | A9F93440 | A9F94440 |
| 50 A | A9F93350 | A9F94350 | A9F93450 | A9F94450 |
| 63 A | A9F93363 | A9F94363 | A9F93463 | A9F94463 |
| Width in 9-mm modules | 6 |  | 8 |  |

Increased product service life thanks to:

- overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
- high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
- fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.


VISI-SAFE window
Fault tripping is indicated by a red mechanical indicator on the front face


Positive contact indication

- Suitable for industrial isolation according to AS/ NZS IEC 60947-2 standard.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees physical opening of the contacts and allows operations to be performed on the downstream circuit in complete safety


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## iC60L circuit breakers (curve B, C) (cont.)

|  |  |  |  | Without ac | cessory | With access | ries |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Rating | Tightening | Copper cal | les | $50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ Al | Screw-on | Multi-cab | s terminal |
|  |  |  | torque | Rigid | Flexible or with ferrule | terminal | connection for ring terminal | Rigid | Flexible |
| $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ $\stackrel{0}{0}$ |  |  |  |  | $\sum_{i} \nabla$ | $\int_{\pi}^{A I}$ |  | $\int_{\pi}^{50}$ |  |
|  |  | 0.5 to 25 A | 2 N.m | 1 to $25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 1 to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | - | $\varnothing 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | - | - |
|  |  | 32 to 63 A | 3.5 N.m | 1 to $35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 1 to $25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  | $3 \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $3 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |



Technical data


| Main characteristics |
| :--- |
| According to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |


| Insulation voltage (Ui) | 500 VAC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pollution degree | 3 |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  |
| Thermal tripping | Reference temperature |
|  | Temperature derating |
| Magnetic tripping | B curve |
|  | C curve |
| Utilization category | See module CA908007 |
| According to AS/NZS $\mathbf{6 0 8 9 8 - 1}$ | $4 \ln \pm 20 \%$ |

Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (Icn1) Icn1 = Icn

| Additional characteristics |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breaking capacity under 1 pole with IT $380-415 \mathrm{~V}$ isolated neutral system (case of double fault) | 40 A | 4 kA |  |
|  | 50/63 A | 3 kA |  |
| Degree of protection (IEC 60529) | Device only | IP20 |  |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 | Insulation class II |
| Endurance (O-C) | Electrical | 10,000 cycles |  |
|  | Mechanical | 20,000 cycles |  |
| Overvoltage category (IEC 60364) |  | IV |  |
| Operating temperature |  | $-35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1) |  | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |

Weight (g)
Dimensions (mm)

## Circuit-breaker

| Type | iC60N |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1 P$ | 125 |
| $2 P$ | 250 |
| $3 P$ | 375 |
| $4 P$ | 500 |



## Accessories

## Accessorisation / Auxiliarisation iC60

## Connection accessories

| 1 | $50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \mathrm{Al}$ terminal |  | 27060 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mounting accessories |  |  |  |
| 2 | Sealable terminal shields for top and bottom connection | 1 P (set of 2) | A9A26975 |
|  |  | 2 P (set of 2) | A9A26976 |
|  |  | 3P | $1 P+2 P$ |
|  |  | 4P | $2 P+2 P$ |
| 3 | Screw shields | 4P (set of 20) | A9A26981 |
| 4 | Screw shields Vigi iC60 | (set of 12) | A9A26982 |
| 5 | 9 mm spacer |  | A9A27062 |
| 6 | Padlocking device | (set of 10) | A9A26970 |
| 7 | Rotary handle | Black handle | A9A27005 |
|  |  | Red handle | A9A27006 |
| 8 | Interpole barrier | (set of 10) | A9A27001 |



- Tripping devices must be installed first.

If two tripping devices are used: the iMN must be installed first
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

Assembly rule
The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.
The tripping auxiliaries iMN, iMX, iMSU...) should be mounted first 1 as close as possible to the main device.
Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (iOF, iSD) should be mounted 2 then 3 complying with the following association table.

| Indicating auxiliaries |  | Tripping auxiliaries | Device | Vigi ic60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (3) | $+2$ | $+1$ |  |  |
| 1 iOF | 1 (isd or iOF) | 2 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU) | iC60 Disbo | Vigi ic60 |
| - | - | 3 iMSU |  |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## C60H-DC miniature circuit breakers (curve C)

DC circuit supplementary protectors for feeders / distribution systems

## AS/NZS IEC 60947-2



| Breaking capacity (Icu) according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |  |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (Ics) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1P | 110 V | 220 V | 250 V | 440 V | 500 V |  |
| Rating (In) 1 to 63 A | 20 kA | 10 kA | 6 kA | - | - | 75\% Icu |
| 2P (in series) | 110 V | 220 V | 250 V | 440 V | 500 V |  |
| Rating (In) 1 to 63 A | - | 20 kA | 20 kA | 10 kA | 6 kA | 75\% Icu |

Catalog numbers
C60H-DC


General overview

## C60H-DC circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

DC circuit supplementary protectors for feeders / distribution systems
Connection


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ल్ల్ల } \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | Multi-cables Connection |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 114 mm |  |  | Without accessory |  |  |  |
|  |  | Rating | Tightening torque | 2 Copper cables |  | 3 Multi-cables / Different wires |  |
|  |  |  |  | Rigid / Stranded | Flexible or with ferrule | Flexible / Stranded | Flexible / <br> Stranded / Rigid |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\pi \square$ |  |  |
|  |  | y 25 A | 2.5 N.m | $2 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ to $2 \times 10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  | $3 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+1 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | $>25 \mathrm{~A}$ | 3.5 N.m | $2 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ to $2 \times 16 \mathrm{~m}$ |  | $3 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+1 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

Technical data


- Tripping curves: C curve - Overcurrent protection for any type of application.
- Positive break indication - the green strip indicates that all the poles are open and allows work to be carried out on the downstream circuit in complete safety.
- Failure to match polarity during connection may lead to a fire hazard and/or serious injury.
- The connection polarity must be observed (marked on the front panel).
- Use only with direct current.
- Suitable for isolation as defined in AS/NZS IEC 60947-2.

- Increase in the service life of the product: thanks to fast closure independent of the speed of action on the handle.
- Current limitation in the event of a fault: fast opening of the contacts prevents the loads from being destroyed in the event of a short-circuit.

| Main characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| According to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |  |  |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) |  | 500 VAC |
| Rated voltage (Un) | 1P | 250 V DC |
|  | 2 P | 500 V DC |
| Operating voltage (Ue) | 1 P | 24... 250 V DC |
|  | 2 P | 24...500 V DC |
| Pollution degree |  | 3 |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) under frame |  | 6 kV |
| Magnetic tripping (li) |  | $8.5 \ln ( \pm 20 \%)$ (compatible with curve C) |



| Additional characteristics |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Degree of protection <br> (IEC 60529) | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 |
| Utilization category |  | A (no delay in accordance with IEC $60947-2$ standards) |
| Endurance (O-C) | Electrical | 3,000 cycles (where L/R=2 ms ) |
|  | Mechanical | 6,000 cycles where the circuit is resistive |
| Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1) |  | 20,000 cycles |
| Operating temperature | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |
| Storage temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## C60H-DC circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

DC circuit supplementary protectors for feeders / distribution systems
Weight (g)
Circuit-breaker

| Type | C6OH-DC |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 P | 185 g |
| $2 P$ | 256 g |

Dimensions (mm)


Details of minimum distance between circuit-breaker and earthed metal parts for circuit-breaker intended for use without enclosure.

## Accessories

## Accessories and Auxiliaries for C 60 H -DC devices

Connection accessories

| 1 | $50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \mathrm{Al}$ terminal | 27060 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Mounting accessories

| $\mathbf{2}$ | Sealable terminal shield |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Rotary handle | Switching sub-as- <br> sembly | 27046 |
|  | Disconnectable <br> handle | 27047 |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Screw shield | Fixed handle | 27048 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Padlocking accessory <br> (to be locked in the "open" position) | 26970 |  |

(1) Acomplete rotary handle consists of a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. 27046, a handle cat. no. 27047 or a handle cat. no. 27048.
Electrical auxiliaries
Indication
2


5

| $\mathbf{6}$ | SD fault indicating switch | A9N26927 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | OF+SD24 auxiliary contact | A9N26899 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | OF open/closed contact | A9N26924 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | OF+SD/OF auxiliary contact <br> (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch) | A9N26929 |

Tripping

| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $M N, M N X, M N s$ undervoltage release |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $M X, M X+$ OF shunt release |

- Tripping devices must be installed first.

If two tripping devices are used: the iMN must be installed first
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.


## Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.
The tripping auxiliaries MN, MX...) should be mounted firs
as close as possible to the main device.
Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (OF, SD) should be mounted 2 then 3 complying with the following association table.

| Indicating auxiliaries |  | Tripping auxiliaries | Device |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | + | + | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1 (OF+SD/OF or OF+SD24) | 1 OF+SD/OF | $1(\mathrm{MN}, \mathrm{MNx}, \mathrm{MNs}$ or MX, MX+OF) |  |
| 1 OF | $1(\mathrm{OF}+\mathrm{SD} / \mathrm{OF}$ or SD or OF) | $2(\mathrm{MN}, \mathrm{MNx}, \mathrm{MNs}$ or MX, MX+OF) |  |
| - | 1 OF+SD24 | $2(\mathrm{MN}, \mathrm{MNx}, \mathrm{MNs}$ or MX, MX+OF) |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview

## C120N miniature circuit breakers (curve C)

 AS/NZS 60898-1
C120N circuit breakers are multistandard circuit breakers that combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC 60947.2
- fault tripping and indication by adding auxiliaries.

Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

| Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC 60947.2 |  |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (Ics) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type |  | Voltage (V) |  |  |  |  |
| 1P |  | 12 to 130 V | 220 to 240 V | 380 to 415 V | 440 V |  |
| Rating ( In ) | 63 and 125 A | 20 kA | 10 kA | $3 \mathrm{kA}{ }^{(1)}$ | - | $75 \%$ of Icu |
| 2P, 3P, 4P |  | 12 to 130 V | 220 to 240 V | 380 to 415 V | 440 V |  |
| Rating (In) | 63 and 125 A | - | 20 kA | 10 kA | 6 kA | $75 \%$ of Icu |
| Breaking capa | y (lon) accorc | AS/NZS 608 |  | Servic | breaking |  |
| Type |  | Voltage (V) |  | capa | (lcs) |  |
| 1P, 2P, 3P, 4P |  | 230-240 V or | 400-415 V |  |  |  |
| Rating ( In ) | 63 and 125 A | 10000 A |  | $75 \%$ of |  |  |


(1) One-pole breaking capacity in IT isolated neutral system (double fault)

Direct current (DC)

| Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC 60947.2 |  |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (lcs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Between +/- | 12 to 125 V | $\leq 144 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 250 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 375 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 500 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Number of poles | 1 P |  | 2P | 3P | 4 P |  |
| Rating (In) 63 and 125 A | 15 kA | 10 kA | 10 kA | 10 kA | 10 kA | 100\% Icu |

Catalog numbers
C120N circuit breaker

| Type | 1P | 2P | 3P | 4P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\stackrel{1}{*}$ |  |  |  |
| Auxiliaries | Remote indication and tripping, refer page C96 |  |  |  |
| Vigi C120 | Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, |  |  |  |
| Rating ( In ) | Curve |  |  |  |
|  | C | C | C | C |
| 63 A | A9N18356 | A9N18360 | A9N18364 | A9N18371 |
| 80 A | A9N18357 | A9N18361 | A9N18365 | A9N18372 |
| 100 A | A9N18358 | A9N18362 | A9N18367 | A9N18374 |
| 125 A | A9N18359 | A9N18363 | A9N18369 | A9N18376 |
| Number of modules of 9 mm | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 |
| Accessories | Refer to page C96 |  |  |  |

General Overview

## C 120 H miniature circuit breakers (curves B, C)



## ( AS/NZS 60898.1

C 120 H circuit breakers are multistandard circuit breakers that combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC 60947.2
- fault tripping and indication by adding auxiliaries.

Alternating current (AC) $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$

| Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC 60947.2 |  |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (Ics) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type |  | Voltage (V) |  |  |  |  |
| 1P |  | 12 to 130 V | 220 to 240 V | 380 to 415 V | 440 V |  |
| Rating ( In ) | 63 and 125 A | 30 kA | 15 kA | $4.5 \mathrm{kA}{ }^{(1)}$ | - | $75 \%$ of Icu |
| 2P, 3P, 4P |  | 12 to 130 V | 220 to 240 V | 380 to 415 V | 440 V |  |
| Rating ( In ) | 63 and 125 A | - | 30 kA | 15 kA | 10 kA | $75 \%$ of Icu |


\left.| Breaking capacity (Icn) according to AS/NZS 60898.1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |$\right)$| Service breaking |
| :--- |
| Type |
| capacity (Ics) |

(1) One-pole breaking capacity in IT isolated neutral system (double fault),


Direct current (DC)

| Breaking capacity (Icu) according to AS/NZS IEC 60947-2 |  |  |  |  |  | Service breaking capacity (lcs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Between +/- | 12 to 125 V | $\leq 144 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 250 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 375 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\leq 500 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Number of poles | 1P |  | 2P | 3P | 4 P |  |
| Rating (In) 63 and 125 A | 20 kA | 15 kA | 15 kA | 15 kA | 15 kA | 100\% Icu |

Catalog numbers
C 120 H circuit breaker

| Type | 1P |  | 2P |  | 3P |  | 4P |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }_{5}^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Auxiliaries | Remote indication and tripping, refer to page C-96 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vigi C120 | Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rating (In) | Curve |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | B | C | B | C | B | C | B | C |
| 63 A | A9N18401 | A9N18445 | A9N18412 | A9N18456 | A9N18423 | A9N18467 | A9N18434 | A9N18478 |
| 80 A | A9N18402 | A9N18446 | A9N18413 | A9N18457 | A9N18424 | A9N18468 | A9N18435 | A9N18479 |
| 100 A | A9N18403 | A9N18447 | A9N18414 | A9N18458 | A9N18425 | A9N18469 | A9N18436 | A9N18480 |
| 125 A | A9N18404 | A9N18448 | A9N18415 | A9N18459 | A9N18426 | A9N18470 | A9N18437 | A9N18481 |
| Number of modules of 9 mm | 3 |  | 6 |  | 9 |  | 12 |  |
| Accessories | Refer to page C-96 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## C120 miniature circuit breakers



Longer product service life thanks to:

- good overvoltage withstand capacity: products designed to offer a high industrial
- performance level (degree of pollution, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage).
- high limitation performances (see limitation curves).
- fast closure independent of toggle operating speed.
- Remote indication of the open/closed/tripped state by auxiliary contacts (optional).
- Power supply from above or below.

General overview

## C120 miniature circuit breakers (cont.)

## Connection



|  |  | Without ac | essory | With acces | ries |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rating | Tightening torque | Copper cables |  | $50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ Al terminal | Screw-on connection for ring terminal ${ }^{(1)}$ | Multi-cables terminal |  |
|  |  | Rigid | Flexible or with ferrule |  |  | Rigid | Flexible |
|  |  |  |  | $\int_{\pi}^{A I}$ |  |  |  |
| 63 and125A | 3.5 N.m | 1 to $50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 1.5 to $35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 16-50 mm | $\varnothing 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $3 \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $3 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

(1) For lugs up to 63 A , front or rear access.

Technical data

## Main characteristics <br> According to IEC 60947-2



| Insulation voltage (Ui) | 500 VAC |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pollution degree | 3 |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | 6 kV |  |
| Thermal tripping | Reference temperature | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Magnetic tripping | B curve | $4 \mathrm{In} \pm 20 \%$ |
|  | C curve | $8 \mathrm{ln} \pm 20 \%$ |
| Limitation class |  | 3 |


| Additional characteristics |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Degree of protection <br> (IEC 60529) | Device only | IP20 |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 |
| Endurance (O-C) | Electrical | 5,000 cycles $(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{C})$ |
|  | Mechanical | 20,000 cycles |
| Operating temperature | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1) | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |
| According to AS/NZS 60898-1 |  |  |
| Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (Icn1) | Icn1 $=$ Icn |  |

Weight (g)

## Circuit-breaker



## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## Accessories

## Accessories and Auxiliaries for C120, Vigi C120 devices

Connection accessories
$150 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ Al terminal 27060

Mounting accessories

| $\mathbf{2}$ | Sealable terminal <br> shields for top and <br> bottom connection | 1P (set of 2) | 18526 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Interpole barrier | (set of 10) | 27001 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Screw shields | 4P (set of 2) | 18527 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Padlocking device |  | 27145 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Rotary handle | Fixed | 27048 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Operating sub-assembly ${ }^{(1)}$ | 27046 |  |

(1) A complete rotary handle consists of a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no.


Electrical auxiliaries
Indication

| $\mathbf{8}$ | SD fault indicating <br> contact | 2 to 100 mA | A9N26917 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 100 mA to 6 A | A9N26907 |  |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | OF+SD24 auxiliary contact | A9N26899 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | OF open/close <br> auxiliary contact | 2 to 100 mA | A9N26914 |
|  | OF+SD/OF auxiliary contact <br> (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch) | A9N26909 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1 0 0}$ |  |  |  |

$\qquad$


## Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.
The tripping auxiliaries MN, MX, MSU...) should be mounted first
1 as close as possible to the main device.
Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (OF, SD) should be mounted 2 then 3 complying with the following association table.

| Indicating auxiliaries |  | Tripping auxiliaries | Device | Vigi C120 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | $+2$ | $+1$ |  |  |
| 1 (OF+SD/OF or OF+SD24) | 1 OF+SD/OF | 1 (MN, MNX, MNs or MX, MX+OF or MSU) | C120 | Vigi C120 |
| 1 OF | 1 (OF+SD/OF or SD or OF) | 2 (MN, MNx, MNs or MX, MX+OF or MSU) |  |  |
| - | 1 OF+SD24 | 2 (MN, MNx, MNs or MX, MX+OF or MSU) |  |  |
| - | - | 3 MSU |  |  |

## General Overview

## STI isolatable fuse-carriers

Tertiary sector, Industry


## STI <br> AS/NZS IEC 60947-3, <br> IEC 60269-2

CC
IEC 60269-1,
IEC 60269-2

- The STI isolatable fuse-carriers provide overload and short-circuit protection. b They are used for tertiary and industrial applications requiring a high breaking capacity.
- They perform the isolation function and must not be used as switches.
- To be equiped with aM or $\mathrm{gG}(\mathrm{gL}-\mathrm{gl})$ type fuse cartridge without striker, with or without fuse blowing indicator. The general purpose fuse ( gG fuse) provides overload and short-circuit protection. The fuse for motor application (aM fuse) only provides short-circuit protection. It is used for protection of loads with a high peak current (motors, transformer primaries, etc.).
Catalog numbers
STI fuse holder

| Type | 1 P | 1P+N | 2P | 3P | $3 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{1}$ |  | $\left.\right\|_{2} ^{1}$ |  |  |
| $10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ | A9N15636 | A9N15646 | A9N15651 | A9N15656 | A9N15658 |
| Number of modules of 9 mm | 2 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 6 |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## General overview

## STI isolatable fuse-carriers (cont.)

Tertiary sector, Industry

## 1P+N, 3P+N

- Phase opening causes compulsory opening of the neutral
- The phase opens before the neutral on isolation and closes after the neutral on circuit closing
- Small dimensions:
- $1 P+N$ in 18 mm
- $3 P+N$ in 54 mm


## 230 V neon indicator light

## (Option)

- Indicates fuse blowing (off in normal operation and lit red after fuse blowing)
- 400 V maxi

- Used to identify:
- either on the front face
- or on the downstream terminals


## Connection



|  | Without accessory |  |  | With accessories |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tightening torque | Copper cables |  |  | Screw-on connection for ring terminal |
|  | Rigid | Flexible with ferrule | Flexible without ferrule |  |
|  |  |  | $3$ |  |
| 2 N.m | $\begin{aligned} & 0.75 \text { to } 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { to } \\ & 2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & 2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { to } \\ & 2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & 2 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { to } \\ & 2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | Ø 5mm |



## General overview

## STI isolatable fuse-carriers (cont.)

Tertiary sector, Industry


Technical data

| Main characteristics | 500 VAC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) | 8 kA |
| Breaking capacity according to AS/NZS IEC $60947-2 \leq 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3 |
| Pollution degree | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Operating frequency |  |

Dimensions (mm)


STI

aM, gG fuse cartridge

| Type | A | B | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 10.3 | 38 | 10.5 |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview

## Choice of Earth Leakage Protection Devices

The sensitivity of an earth leakage protection device depends mainly on the function it has to perform:

- protection from electric shock by direct contact
- protection from electric shock by indirect contact
- protection from fire due to current leakage.

The following table gives a reminder of:

- the circuits that must be protected against these various risks (obligation or recommendation)
- the type of earth leakage protection device to be used in each case, its sensitivity, and its location in the distribution diagram.


## Type of protection

| Obligations | Sensitivity $(1 \mathrm{An})$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National standard <br> AS/NZS:3000 | $30 \mathrm{~mA}\left(^{*}\right)$ | 100 mA to 3000 mA | 300 mA (or 500 mA$)$ |

Protection from electric shock by direct contact
$\stackrel{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ}}{\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}} \stackrel{\sim}{\circ}$

| - Basic protection shall be pro- | Setup in final distribution |
| :--- | :--- |
| vided using insulation, barriers, | switchboard |
| enclosures, obstacles or by | Residual current device pro- |
| placing out of reach. | tecting a circuit |
| - Additional protection shall be | Residual current circuit breaker |
| provided by a residual current <br> device installed on circuits, <br> socket outlets, lighting points <br> and hand held equipment. |  |
| protecting a group of circuits |  |

Protection from electric shock by indirect contact

|  | Shall be provided through means of: <br> - A system of earthing <br> - An automatic disconnection device residual current device or circuit breaker that will disconnect under earth fault conditions | Setup in final distribution switchboard <br> - Residual current circuit breaker or device, on incoming feeder <br> Setup in subdistribution board or main switchboard <br> - Residual current device protecting a circuit <br> - Residual current device or circuit breaker protecting a group of circuits <br> - On incoming feeder: residual current circuit breaker or device |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Protection from fire due to current leakage |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{y y y}{\circ} \\ & \text { Ny } \end{aligned}$ | Protection should be provided to prevent the risk of fire initiated or propagated by components of the electrical installation. If protection against initiation of fire is required, then a residual current device should be installed. |  | Setup in final distribution switchboard <br> - Residual current circuit breaker or device, on incoming feeder <br> Setup in subdistribution board or main switchboard <br> - Residual current device protecting each circuit to a high-risk zone <br> - Residual current device or circuit breaker protecting a group of circuits <br> - On incoming feeder: residual current circuit breaker or device |

[^0]
## Nuisance tripping

## Consequences: nuisance tripping

When the sum of the natural earth leakages reaches $\sim 30 \%$ of the residual current devices rated sensitivity (e.g. 10mA for a 30mA RCD), any surge (e.g. caused by switching) may cause nuisance tripping of the RCD.

## Solutions:

## - Dividing up the circuits

Dividing up the circuits reduces the natural leakage on a single-phase residual current device. The figure of a maximum of 6 loads is usually suggested by assuming in the worst case, a leakage of 1.5 mA for each load, or a total leakage of 9 mA or $30 \%$ of the sensitivity threshold for a 30 mA residual current device.

- Using SI residual current devices

Thanks to its improved immunity from transient surge currents, the "si" range is specially recommended for installations with computer equipment. It means that a greater number of machines may be installed (a maximum of around 12 machines) with the same residual current device, before nuisance tripping will occur.

## Interference immunity

Schneider Electric provides various equipment technologies capable of overcoming the consequences of interference of all kinds.

| Operating conditions |  |  | Examples | Types |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{A C(1)}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{A}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{\mathrm{S}}{\sim}$ | $\text { ~~ }{ }^{8}$ |
| Loads |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | With no special characteristics |  | - General purpose power sockets <br> - Incandescent lighting <br> - Household appliances: microwave oven, dishwasher, clothes dryer <br> - Electric heating, water heater | - | - | - | $\bullet$ |
|  | Including a rectifier | Single phase | - Household appliances: induction cooking appliances, washing machines (variable speed) <br> - Single-phase variable speed drives | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | Three phase | - Three-phase variable speed industrial drives <br> - Three-phase uninterruptible power supplies | - | - | - | - |
|  | Generating high-frequency interference (current peaks, harmonics) |  | - Fluorescent lighting powered by extra low voltage transformer, by electronic ballast <br> - Variable luminosity lighting <br> - Powerful IT equipment <br> - Single-phase variable speed industrial drives <br> - Air conditioning <br> - Telecommunications equipment <br> - Capacitor banks | - | - | - | - |
|  | Including an in the power | i-harmonic filter ply | - Microcomputer systems <br> - Computer peripherals (printers, scanners, etc.) | - | - | $\bullet$ | - |

[^1]
## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview

| Operating conditions | Examples | Types |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\sim \mathrm{AC}^{(1)}$ | $\stackrel{A}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{\text { SI }}{\sim}$ | $\sim n^{8}$ |

Electrical environment

| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} \\ & \stackrel{N}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  | Vicinity of equipment generating Vicinity of equipment generating |  |  |  | High-powered switching devices Reactive energy compensation banks | - | - | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Circuits powered by an uninterruptible power supply |  |  |  | Backed-up networks | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | "Isolated neutral" (IT) earthing system |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | Major risk of lightning strikes |  |  |  | Buildings protected by a lightning protection system Mountainous or humid regions Regions with high keraunic level | - | - | - | - |
| Atmosphere |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Ambient temperature which could be less than $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\text { I }}{\stackrel{N}{N}} \\ & \stackrel{N}{0} \end{aligned}$ | 78 | Presence of corrosive agents (AF2 to AF4) or dust |  |  |  | Indoor swimming pools <br> Yacht harbours, marinas, camping grounds <br> Water treatment <br> Chemical industries, heavy industries, paper mills <br> Mines and cellars, road tunnels <br> Markets, stock raising, food processing industries | - | - | - 2 | - |

(1) According to amendment 2 of the wiring rules AS/NZS 3000, Type AC RCD shall not be used for the following applications from 30 April 2023: - Domestic and Residential, all final subcircuits

- Non-domestic and non-residential socket outlets and lighting, directly connected hand-held equipment and increased risk circuits up to 32A.

Recognising Type A RCDs as accepted general usage, Schneider doesn't carry any Type AC RCD in the Acti9 offer of RCCBs and RCBOs. (2) SiE for C120 and NG125 circuit breakers.

## Discrimination

Residual current devices of average sensitivity ( 100 mA and more) are available in a selective ( s ) and delayed ( R ) version. This option ensures that, in the event of an earth fault downstream of the installation, only the defective part is switched off. The table below shows (in green) which upstream/downstream equipment combinations provide this discrimination.

| Sensitivity (mA) - Downstream |  |  | Sensitivity (mA) - Upstream |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Instantaneous |  |  | Selective s |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Delayed R |  |
|  |  |  | 30 | 100 | 300 | 500 | 1000 | 3000 | 100 | 300 | 500 | 1000 | 3000 | 1000 | 3000 |
|  | Instantaneous | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - |  | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sor R |  | 300 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |
| D |  | 500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |  |
|  |  | 1000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |  |
|  |  | 3000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Selective s | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |
|  |  | 300 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  |  | 500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  |  | 1000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  |  | 3000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Delayed R | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | 3000 |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## ilD residual current circuit breakers (A \& SI types)



- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30 \mathrm{~mA}$ )
- protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300 \mathrm{~mA}$ ), - protection of installations against the risk of fire ( 300 mA )

The $\mathbf{S I}$ type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

ID residual current circuit breakers for 230/400 V network


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview

## iID residual current circuit breakers（A，SI types）


＊See module CA907000

Technical Data


Indifferent position of installation．


Weight（g）

| Residual current circuit breakers |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | ilD |
| $2 P$ | 210 |
| 4 P | 370 |


| Main characteristics |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insulation voltage（Ui） |  |  | 500 V |
| Pollution degree |  |  | 3 |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage（Uimp） |  |  | 6 kV |
| According to AS／NZS 61008－1 |  |  |  |
| Making and breaking capacity（ $\mathrm{Im} / \mathrm{I}$ ¢m） |  |  | 1500 A |
| Surge current withstand（ $8 / 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ） without tripping | A types（no selective s） |  | 250 Â |
|  | A types（selective s） |  | 3 kA |
|  | SI type |  | 3 kA |
| Conditional rated short circuit current （ $\operatorname{Inc} / / \Delta \mathrm{c}$ ） | With iC60N／H／L |  | Equal to breaking capacity of iC60 |
|  | With fuse | $100 \mathrm{~A}$ | 10，000 A |
| Behaviour in case of voltage drop |  |  | Residual current protection down to 0 V according to IEC／EN 61008－1 § 3．3．4 |
| Additional characteristics |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | Device only |  | IP20 |
|  | Device in modular enclosure |  | IP40 Insulation class II |
| Endurance（O－C） | Electrical（AC1） | 16 to 63 A | 15，000 cycles |
|  |  | 80 to 100 A | 10，000 cycles |
|  | Mechanical |  | 20，000 cycles |
| Operating temperature | A and S／types | 类炎花 | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Dimensions（mm）


General Overview
ilD residual current circuit breakers (A, SI types) (cont).


## SI type

The SI type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## ilD B-SI type residual current circuit breakers (RCCB)



## © AS/NZS 61008-2-1, IEC/EN 62423, IEC 61543

As per the above standards:

- The Acti9 iID B-SI type residual current circuit breakers provide:
- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( 30 mA ),
- protection of installations against the risk of fire ( 300 mA or 500 mA ).


## B-SI type $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$

The Acti9 iID B-SI type residual current circuit breakers provide:

- protection in the event of a continuous earth fault current on networks generated by:
- controllers and variable speed drives,
- battery chargers and inverters, such as used in photovoltaic application,
- backed-up power supplies.

- They include protection against earth fault currents:
- sinusoidal AC residual currents (AC type),
- pulsed DC residual currents (A type),
- multi frequency residual current (F type).
- The use of Acti9 iID B-SI type residual current circuit breaker can be made mandatory, according to standards applicable in country.
- For applications using 3-poles drives, such as:
- crane,
- lift,
- HVAC,
- pumping system
$B$ type is recommended.
For more information, see earth leakage protection guide CA908066E
- The Acti9 iID B-SI type works optimally with the variable speed drives manufactured by Schneider Electric, even with a long cable length between motor and variable speed drive (up to 50 m ).
- SI technology is embedded in Acti9 iID B-SI type residual current circuit breaker, providing increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted environments.
- The Acti9 iID B-SI type is compatible with Schneider Electric AC and A types wired in parallel or in series in the installation, following coordination tables (refer to earth leakage protection guide CA908066E).

| Acti9 ild B-SI type residual current circuit breakers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type |  |  |  | B-SI |  |  |  | Width in 9 mm module |
| 2P |  |  | Sensitivity | 30 mA | 300 mA | 300 mAs | 500 mA |  |
| N ${ }^{1}$ | Rating | 25 A |  | A9Z61225 |  | - | - | 8 |
|  |  | 40 A |  | A9Z61240 |  |  |  |  |
| $\rightarrow$ |  | 63 A |  | A9Z61263 |  | - | - |  |
| Voltage rating (Ue) |  |  |  | 230-240V |  |  |  |  |
| Operating frequency |  |  |  | 50 Hz |  |  |  |  |
| 4P |  |  | Sensitivity | 30 mA | 300 mA | 300 mAs | 500 mA |  |
| $N \quad l^{1} \downarrow^{3} \downarrow^{5}$ | Rating | 40 A |  | A9Z61440 |  |  |  | 8 |
|  |  | 63A |  | A9Z61463 | A9Z64463 | A9Z65463 | A9Z66463 |  |
|  |  | 80A |  | A9Z61480 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage rating (Ue) |  |  |  | $400-415 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Operating frequency |  |  |  | 50 Hz |  |  |  |  |

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## ilD B type EV residual current circuit breakers (RCCB) for Electric Vehicle

## AS/NZS 61008-2-1, IEC/EN 62423, IEC 61543, VDE 0664



As per the above standards:

- The Acti9 iID B type EV residual current circuit breakers provide:
- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( 30 mA ),
- protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact,
- protection of installations against the risk of fire.


## B type $\approx \sim$

The Acti9 iID B type EV residual current circuit breakers provide:

- protection in the event of a continuous earth fault current on networks generated by electric car charging station.
- The use of Acti9 iID B type EV residual current circuit breaker can be made mandatory, according to standards applicable in country.
- The Acti9 iID B type EV is compatible with Schneider Electric AC and A types wired in parallel or in series in the installation, following coordination tables (refer to earth leakage protection guide CA908066E).

| Acti9 iID B type EV residual current circuit breakers |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type |  |  | B $\sim \sim \sim$ | Width in 9 mm module |
| 2P |  | Sensitivity | 30 mA |  |
| N\| ${ }^{1}$ | Rating | 25A | A9Z51225 | 8 |
|  |  | 40A | A9Z51240 |  |
| Voltage rating (Ue) |  |  | 230-240 V |  |
| Operating frequency |  |  | 50 Hz |  |
| 4P |  | Sensitivity | 30 mA |  |
| N $\\|^{1} \downarrow^{3} \quad 15$ | Rating | 40A | A9Z51440 | 8 |
|  |  | 63 A | A9Z51463 |  |
| Voltage rating (Ue) |  |  | $400-415 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Operating frequency |  |  | 50 Hz |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview

## iID B type EV and iID B-SI type residual current circuit breakers (RCCB)

Technical Data


Clip on DIN rail 35 mm .


Indifferent position of installation.


| Electrical characteristics |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) |  | 2P | 250 V |
|  |  | 4P | 500 V |
| Pollution degree |  |  | 3 |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  |  | 6 kV |
| According to AS/NZS 61008-2-1 |  |  |  |
| Making and breaking capacity (Im/IDm) |  |  | 1500 A |
| Surge current withstand $(8 / 20 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ without tripping | No selective s |  | 3 kA |
|  | Selective s |  | 5 kA |
| Conditional rated short circuit current (Inc/IDc) | With 100 A gG fuse |  | 10,000 A |
| Additional characteristics |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection (IEC 60529) | Device only |  | IP20 |
|  | Device in modular enclosure |  | IP40 |
|  |  |  | Insulation class II |
| Endurance (O-C) | Electrical | y 63 A | 15,000 cycles |
|  |  | $>63 \mathrm{~A}$ | 10,000 cycles |
|  | Mechanical |  | 20,000 cycles |
| Range of test button operating voltage | 30 mA | 2P | 180... 270 V AC |
|  |  | 4P | 300... 450 V AC |
|  | 300, 500 mA | 2P | 140... 330 V AC |
|  |  | 4P | 220... 450 V AC |
| Impulse withstand according to IEC 60068-2-27 |  |  | 15 g |
| Vibration withstand according to IEC 60068-2-6 |  |  | 3 g |
| Electromagnetic compatibility |  |  | According to IEC 61543 |
| Operating temperature |  |  | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Dissipated power |  |  | Module CA908009 |

Dielectric test

d To perform the dielectric test, disconnect terminals:
4P: 1, 3, 5 and $2,4,6$
2P: 1 and 2

| Residual current circuit breakers |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | iID |
| $2 P$ | 350 |
| $4 P$ | 415 |

Dimensions (mm)


$$
<\text { 国 }>
$$

General Overview

## iID B type EV and iID B-SI type residual current circuit breakers (RCCB) (cont.)

Connection


Accessories: module CA907000 and CA907001


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (A type)



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Acti9 Vigi iC60 provide:
- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( 30 mA ),
- protection of installations against the risk of fire ( 300 mA ).
- With flexible neutral wire.

| Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices for 230/400 V network |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type <br> Auxiliaries |  | A $\square$ Without auxiliaries |  |  | Width in 9 mm modules |
| 2P | Sensitivity | 30 mA |  | 300 mA |  |
|  | 63A | A9V02663 |  | A9V06663 | 4 |
| 4P | Sensitivity | 30 mA |  | 300 mA |  |
|  <br> Rating | 63A | A9V02763 | - | A9V06763 | 7 |


| Voltage rating (Ue) | 2 P | $230-240 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 4 P | $400-415 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Operating frequency |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Accessories | Refer to catalogue page $\mathbf{C - 3 7}$ |  |

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (A type )



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( 30 mA ),
- protection of installations against the risk of fire ( 300 mA ).


## Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices for 230/400 V network

| Type |  | A |  |  |  | Width in 9 mm modules |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auxiliaries |  | Without auxiliaries |  |  |  |  |
| 2P | Sensitivity | 30 mA | 300 mA |  |  |  |
| \% |  |  |  |  | - | 3 |
|  | 63A | A9V51263 | A9V54263 |  |  |  |



4

|  | Sensitivity | 30 mA | 300 mA |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rating |  |  |  | - | - | 6 |
|  | 63A | A9V51363 | A9V54363 |  |  |  |



| Voltage rating (Ue) | 2 P | $230-240 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 3 P | $400-415 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Operating frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Accessories | Refer to catalogue page C-37 |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (A type) (cont.)



Association iC60N, H, L + Vigi iC60

| iC60 | Vigi iC60.40 A | Vigi iC60 63 A |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 01 A to 25 A | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| $32 \mathrm{~A}-40 \mathrm{~A}$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| $50 \mathrm{~A}-63 \mathrm{~A}$ | NO | $\square$ |



General Overview

## Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (A type) (cont.)

Connection


| Type | Rating | Tightening torque | Copper cables |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Rigid | Flexible or with ferrule |
|  |  |  | 皆 |  |
| Vigi iC60 |  |  |  |  |



| Main characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) |  | 500 V |
| Pollution degree |  | 3 |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  | 6 kV |
| According to AS/NZS 61009-1 |  |  |
| Surge current withstand ( $8 / 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ) without tripping | A types (no selective s) | 250 Â |
|  | A types (selective s) | 3 kA |
|  |  |  |
| Behaviour in case of voltage drop |  | Residual current protection down to 0 V according to IEC/ EN 61009-1 § 3.3.8 |
| Additional characteristics |  |  |
| Degree of protection | Device only | IP20 |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 |
|  |  | Insulation class II |
| Operating temperature | A and A-SI types | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Weight (g)

| Add-on residual current devices |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | Vigi iC60 |
| $2 P$ | 165 |
| $3 P$ | 210 |
| $4 P$ | 245 |

Vigi iC60 40 and 63A

se.com/au

$$
<\text { 䍙 }>
$$

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices (A type)



When a Vigi C120 device is combined with a C120 circuit breaker, it provides the following functions:

- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( 30 mA )
- protection of installations against fire hazards ( 300 mA )

| Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type <br> Product |  | A $\square$ <br> Vigi C120 |  | Width in 9 mm modules |
| Auxiliaries |  | Without auxiliary |  |  |
| 2P | Sensitivity | 30 mA | 300 mA |  |
|  |  | A9N18572 | A9N18573 | 7 |
| 3P | Sensitivity | 30 mA | 300 mA |  |
|  |  | A9N18575 | A9N18576 | 10 |
| 4P | Sensitivity | 30 mA | 300 mA |  |
|  |  | A9N18578 | A9N18579 | 10 |
| Voltage rating (Ue) | 2P | 230-240 V |  |  |
|  | 3P-4P | 400-415 V |  |  |
| Operating frequency |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |
| Accessories |  | Refer to ca | gue page C-39 |  |

General Overview

## Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices (A type)



Technical Data

Main characteristics
To IEC 60947-2

| Insulation voltage (Ui) | 500 V AC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Degree of pollution | 3 |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | 6 kV |

To ASINZS 61009
Impulse current
withstand $(8 / 20 ~ \mu s)$$\quad$ Type A (non-selective s) 250 Â


Indifferent position of installation.


| Additional characteristics |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Degree of protection | Device only | IP20 |
|  | Device in a modular <br> enclosure | IP40 |
|  |  | Insulation class II |
| Operating temperature | Type A | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Weight (g)

| Add-on residual current devices |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | Vigi C120 |
| $2 P$ | 325 |
| $3 P$ | 500 |
| $4 P$ | 580 |

Dimensions (mm)
C120 + Vigi C120


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## General Overview

## Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices (A type) (cont.)



## iDPN Vigi Residual current devices



## AS/NZS 61009-1

- The iDPN Vigi residual current device provide complete protection for final circuits
- (against overcurrents and insulation faults):
- protection for users against electric shocks by direct contacts ( $\leq 30 \mathrm{~mA}$ )
- protection of the installations against fire risks ( 300 mA ).
- The A-SI range has been designed to maintain a network with optimum safety and continuity of service in installations disturbed by:
- extreme atmospheric conditions,
- harmonic generating loads,
- transient operating currents.

| iDPN N Vigi 6000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type |  |  | A | A-SI | Width in 9 mm modules |
| Auxiliaries |  |  | Refer to catalogue page C-45 |  |  |
| 1P+N Curve C |  | Sensitivity | 30 mA | 30 mA |  |
|  | Rating | 6 A | A9D32606 |  | 4 |
| - |  | 10 A | A9D32610 | A9D33610 |  |
| - |  | 13 A | A9D32613 | A9D33613 |  |
|  |  | 16 A | A9D32616 | A9D33616 |  |
|  |  | 20 A | A9D32620 | A9D33620 |  |
|  |  | 25 A | A9D32625 | A9D33625 |  |
| $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ |  | 32 A | A9D32632 | A9D33632 |  |
|  |  | 40 A | A9D32640 | A9D33640 |  |
| Voltage rating (Ue) |  |  | 230... 240 V AC |  |  |
| Operating frequency |  |  | 50 Hz |  |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview

## iDPN Vigi Residual current devices (cont.)

## Visi-trip double window

- Fault tripping circuit breaker is indicated by a red mechanical indicator on the front face.
- Earth fault is indicated by a red mechanical indicator on the front face.


Clip on DIN rail 35 mm .


Indifferent position of installation.


Weight (g)

| Residual current device |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | IDPN Vigi |
| 1P+N | 125 |

Dimensions (mm)


Connection


Technical Data

| Main characteristics |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type |  | iDPN N Vigi | iDPN H Vigi |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) |  | 400 V AC |  |
| Pollution degree |  | 3 |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  | 4 kV |  |
| Setting temperature for ratings |  | $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Magnetic tripping |  |  |  |
|  | Curve C | Between 5 and 10 ln |  |
| According to AS/NZS 61009-1 |  |  |  |
| Limitation class |  | 3 |  |
| Rated breaking capacity (Icn) |  | 6000 A | 10,000 A |
| Rated residual breaking and making capacity (IDm) |  | 6000 A | 10,000 A |
| $8 / 20 \mu$ s impulse with stand | Type AC | 250 A | 250 Â |
|  | Type A | 250 A | 250 Â |
|  | Type A-SI | 3 kA | 3 kA |
| Behaviour in case of voltage drop |  | Residual current protection down to 0 V according to IEC/EN 61009-1 § 3.3.8 |  |


| Additional characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earth leakage protection with instantaneous tripping |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10,30,100, \\ & 300 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | 30, 300 mA |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Degree of protection (IEC } \\ & \text { 60529) } \end{aligned}$ | Device only | IP20 |  |  |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 Insulation class II |  |  |
| Endurance (O-C) | Electrical | 20,000 cycles |  |  |
|  |  | 10,000 cycles |  |  |
|  | Mechanical | 20,000 cycles |  |  |
| Overvoltage category (IEC 60364) |  | III |  |  |
| Operating temperature |  |  |  |  |
|  | Type A, A-SI | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1) |  | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |

$$
<\text { 目 }>
$$

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## iC60N RCBO 6000 A / 30 mA



As per the above standards:

- The single-phase iC60N RCBO's self-contained residual current device carries
- out complete protection of final circuits:
- protection against short-circuits and cable overloads,
- protection against electrocution by direct contact.
- The neutral is not interrupted when the device is tripped. Hence iC60N RCBO can be used on most circuits, except for the ones operating under TT or IT earthing systems.

Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

| Breaking capacity (lcn) according to AS/NZS 61009-1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Voltage (Ue) |
| Ph/N | $\mathbf{2 3 0 - 2 4 0 ~ V}$ |
| Rating (In) 6 to 45 A | 6000 A |

## Accessory

## Padlocking device

- Used to lock the toggle in the "open" or "closed" position by 4 mm diameter padlock (not supplied).

| IC60N RCBO 6000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 P+N$ |  |  |  | A | Width in 9-mm modules |
| C curve | Voltage rating (V) |  | Sensitivity (İn) | 30 mA |  |
|  | 230-240 | Rating <br> (In) | 6 A | A9D61806 | 2 |
|  |  |  | 10 A | A9D61810 |  |
|  |  |  | 16 A | A9D61816 |  |
|  |  |  | 20 A | A9D61820 |  |
|  |  |  | 25 A | A9D61825 |  |
|  |  |  | 32 A | A9D61832 |  |
|  |  |  | 40 A | A9D61840 |  |
|  |  |  | 45 A | A9D61845 |  |
| Operating frequency |  |  |  | $50 \ldots 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Auxiliaries |  |  |  | Refer to catalogue page C-45 |  |
| Accessories |  |  |  | Refer to catalogue page C-37 |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## iC60H RCBO 10000 A / 10, 30 and 100 mA



AS/NZS 61009.1
As per the above standards:

- The single-phase iC60H RCBO's self-contained residual current device carries out complete protection of final circuits:
- protection against short-circuits and cable overloads
- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (10, 30 mA sensitivities),
- protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( 100 mA sensitivity),
- protection of equipment against fires set by leakage currents (100 mA sensitivity).
- The neutral is not interrupted when the device is tripped. Hence iC60H RCBO can be used on most circuits, except for the ones operating under TT or IT earthing systems.

| Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz <br> Breaking capacity (Icn) according to AS/NZS 61009-1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Voltage (Ue) |  |
| Ph/N | $\mathbf{1 1 0 V}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 0 - 2 4 0 ~ V}$ |
| Rating (In) 6 to 45 A | 10000 A | 10000 A |

## Accessory

## Padlocking device

- Used to lock the toggle in the "open" or "closed" position by 4 mm diameter padlock (not supplied).

| IC60H RCBO 10000 |
| :--- |
| 1P+N |
| C curve |

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## iC60H2 RCBO 10000 A / 30 and 100 mA


© AS/NZS 61009.1

As per the above standards:

- The 2-poles iC60H2 RCBO's self-contained residual current device carries out
- complete protection of final circuits:
- protection against short-circuits and cable overloads,
- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( 30 mA sensitivities),
- iC60H2 RCBO switches neutral, together with phase. It is therefore suitable for all circuits, whatever the earthing system (except for TN-C).

| Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC 61009-1 <br> Voltage (Ue) |  |  |
| $\mathbf{P h} / \mathbf{N}, \mathbf{P h} / \mathrm{Ph}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0 ~ V}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 0 - 2 4 0 ~ V}$ |
| Rating (In) 10 to 32 A | 10000 A | 10000 A |

## Accessory

## Padlocking device

- Used to lock the toggle in the "open" or "closed" position by 4 mm diameter padlock (not supplied).

| iC60H2 RCBO 10000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2P |  |  |  | A | Width in 9-mm modules |
| C curve | Voltage rating (V) | Sensiti | $(1 \Delta n)$ | 30 mA |  |
|  | 110 | Rating (In) | 10 A | A9D19210 | 4 |
|  |  |  | 16 A | A9D19216 |  |
|  |  |  | 20 A | A9D19220 |  |
|  |  |  | 25 A | A9D19225 |  |
|  |  |  | 32 A | A9D19232 |  |
|  | 230-240 | Rating | 10 A | A9D11210 |  |
|  |  | (In) | 16 A | A9D11216 |  |
|  |  |  | 20 A | A9D11220 |  |
|  |  |  | 25 A | A9D11225 |  |
|  |  |  | 32 A | A9D11232 |  |
| Operating frequency |  |  |  | $50 \ldots 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Auxiliaries |  |  |  | Refer to ca |  |
| Accessories |  |  |  | Refer to ca |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## General Overview

## iC60N, iC60H, iC60H2 RCBO 10, 30 and 100 mA



- Increased product service life thanks to fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.

Connection

|  | 14 mm | Type | Rating | Tightening torque | Copper cables |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U1 6.5 mm |  |  |  | Rigid | Flexible |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\bigcirc 5.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $N$ in and L in | 6 to 45 A | 3.5 N.m | 1 to $25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 1 to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | L out and $N$ out |  | 2 N.m | 1 to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 1 to $10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

Technical \& Reference Numbers

## iC60N, iC60H, iC60H2 RCBO 10, 30 and 100 mA

Technical Data

| Main characteristics | iC60N RCBO | iC60H RCBO | iC60H2 RCBO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) | 400 V AC |  |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | 4 kV |  |  |
| Rated residual operating current ( $1 \Delta \mathrm{n}$ ) | 30 mA | 10, 30, 100 mA | 30 mA |
| Thermal tripping Reference temperature | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Temperature derating | See module CA908007 |  |  |
| Limitation class | 3 |  |  |
| Surge current withstand ( $8 / 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ) without tripping | 250 A |  |  |
| Rated nominal breaking capacity (Icn) | 6,000 A | 10,000 A | 10,000 A |
| Phase/earth rated residual breaking and making capacity (l $1 \Delta \mathrm{~m}$ ) | 6,000 A | 7,500 A | 7,500 A |
| Additional characteristics |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP20 |  |  |
|  | IP40 |  |  |
| Endurance (O-C) | 5,000 cycles |  |  |
|  | 20,000 cycles |  |  |
| Operating temperature | $-15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Storage temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Tropicalization | Treatment 2 (relative humidity: $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm .


Installation on Fishbone

IP40



Indifferent position of installation.

Weight (g)

| iC60 RCBO |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| iC60N RCBO | 205 |
| iC60H RCBO | 205 |
| iC60H2 RCBO | 332 |

Dimensions (mm)

iC60N RCBO, iC60H RCBO

iC60H2 RCBO

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## iSPN Vigi residual current devices $10 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{C}$ curve

## AS/NZS 61009.1

- The single-phase iSPN Vigi self-contained residual current device carries out:
- protection of persons against direct and indirect contacts (10 mA)
- complete protection of final circuits (overcurrents and insulation faults)
- safety device to switch both of active and neutral.
- A class iSPN Vigi are sensitive to the pulsed type DC component.
- Overload, short circuit and earth fault currents are indicated by location of the handle in the OFF position.
- A push-test button "T" is positioned on the front of the device for testing that product is operational.
- This 10 mA RCBO is also Type I (according to AS/NZS 3190) and complies with the requirements of the installation rules for Patient areas, AS/NZS 3003.


## Accessories

## Padlocking device

- Used to lock the toggle in the "open" or "closed" position by 8 mm diameter padlock (not supplied).


## 1P+N comb busbars

- The comb busbars make it easier to install Schneider Electric products.

Catalog numbers
iSPN Vigi

| туре |  |  |  | $A \sim \sim$ | Width in 9-mm modules |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C curve | Voltage rating (V) | Sensitivity (IDn) |  | 10 mA |  |
|  | 230/240 V AC | Rating (In) | 6 A | A9D40606 | 2 |
|  |  |  | 10 A | A9D40610 |  |
|  |  |  | 16 A | A9D40616 |  |
|  |  |  | 20 A | A9D40620 |  |
|  |  |  | 25 A | A9D40625 |  |
|  |  |  | 32 A | A9D40632 |  |
| Operating frequency |  |  |  | 50 Hz |  |

Accessories

| Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Padlocking device (bag of 2 pieces) | 26970 |



General overview

## iSPN Vigi residual current devices $10 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{C}$ curve (cont.)

Connection


| Type | Rating | Tightening torque | Copper cables |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Rigid | Flexible |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| L and N upstream | 6 to 32 A | 2 N.m | 1 to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 1 to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| $L$ and $N$ downstream |  | 2 N.m | 1 to $10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 1 to $10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

Note: for any case, isolate power before installation. Wire neutral prior to installing active.
Technical data

| Main characteristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Voltage rating (Ue) | 230/240 V AC |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) | 400 VAC |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | 4 kV |
| Rated residual operating current (lın) | 10 mA |
| Thermal tripping Reference temperature | $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Magnetic tripping C curve | Between 5 and 10 In |
| Limitation class | 3 |
| Rated nominal breaking capacity (Icn) | 6000 A |
| Phase/earth rated residual breaking and making capacity (I $\triangle \mathrm{m}$ ) | 3000 A |



Indifferent position of installation.


| Additional characteristics |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Degree of protection | Device only | IP 20 |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP 40 |
| Endurance (O-C) | Electrical | 10,000 cycles |
|  | Mechanical | 20,000 cycles |
| Operating temperature |  | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Tropicalization | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |

Weight (g)
Residual current device

| Type | iSPN Vigi |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1 P+N$ | 136 |

Dimensions (mm)


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## iDPH VigiARC Arc fault detection RCBO



Acti9 iDPH VigiARC is an arc fault detection device with overload, short circuit and residual current protection, which aims to reduce the risk of electrical fire.

By continuously analyzing a large number of electrical parameters, it detects the appearance of electric arcs that are responsible for starting fires. It isolates the circuit concerned which reduces flame appearance occurrence.

The European installation standard
IEC 60364-4-42 recommends the use of AFDD to protect against arc fault in final circuit:
in locations with sleeping accommodations (e.g. hotels, nursing homes, bedrooms in homes)
in locations with risks of fire due to high quantities of flammable materials (e.g. barns, wood-working shops, stores of combustible materials) in locations with combustible constructiona materials (e.g. wooden buildings) in fire propagating structures (e.g. high rise buildings) in locations where irreplaceable goods are housed (e.g. museums).

More specifically, the installation of
Acti9 iDPH VigiARC is highly recommended to protect circuits with highest risk of fire, such as: protruding cables (risk of knocks)
outside cables (greater risk of deterioration) unprotected cables in secluded areas (like storage rooms)
aging, deteriorating wiring or wiring for which the connection boxes are inaccessible.
Acti9 iDPH VigiARC must not be installed on circuits requiring a high level of continuity of service. Acti9 iDPH VigiARC is not compatible with ATEX regulations.


## IEC 62606

General requirements for arc fault detection devices.

## AS/NZS 61009-1

Residual current operated circuit-breakers with integral overcurrent protection for household and similar uses (RCBOs).

## As per the above standards

- The Acti9 iDPH VigiARC provides a protection for final circuits against
- overcurrents and insulation faults (protection for people against electric shocks).
- In addition to these protections, the Acti9 iDPH VigiARC monitors for electric arcs
- that occur in cables and connections, that may cause a fire.
- These arcs are the result of localised cable deterioration or loose connections.
- It is used for three types of situations that can result in a fire:
- parallel arc detection: insulation problems between two live conductors that cause a resistive short-circuit, too weak to be detected by a circuit breaker and with no earth leakage to be detected by a residual current circuit breaker,
- series arc detection: a damaged conductor or connection that causes part of the current to flow through its carbonised insulation due to a local rise in temperature
- overheating of electronic components in loads, when exposed to an overvoltage for several seconds.
- It combines the following functions:
- circuit protection against overload and short-circuit currents (circuit breaker function),
- protection for people against electric shocks by direct contacts and indirect contacts ( 30 mA ),
- protection against fire hazards by detection of abnormal electric arcs
- protection against load fire hazards due to slow overvoltages (network overvoltage),
- fire hazard tripping indication via the front panel indicator
- device diagnosis via the test button,
- positive contact indication (green strip),
- tripping faults diagnosis by LED blinking in front face.
- The Acti9 iDPH VigiARC should be installed in the place of the circuit's final protection device.
- Product is reverse feeding: it can be supplied either by the top or the bottom.


Connection


General overview

## iDPH VigiARC Arc fault detection RCBO (cont.)




Weight (g)

| Arc fault detection RCBO |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | RCBO Acti9 iDPH VigiARC |
| $1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ | 237 |



## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## iPRD1 12.5r Type 1 + 2 Low Voltage surge arresters

The Type 1 range of surge arresters meets the normative withstand capability of current wave type $10 / 350 \mu \mathrm{~s}(8 / 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for Type 2 surge arresters).
It is suitable for use with TT, TN-S, TN-C and IT earthing connection systems (neutral point connection).
iPRD1 12.5r surge arresters are fitted with a remote transfer contact to send "end-of-life indication" information.
They are also fitted with easy-to-replace withdrawable cartridges.


## iPRD1 12.5r

The Type 1 surge arrester is recommended for electrical installations in the service sector and industrial buildings protected by a lightning conductor or by a meshed cage.
It protects electrical installations against direct lightning strikes.
It is used to conduct the direct lightning current, propagating from the earth conductor to the network conductors.
It must be installed with an upstream disconnection device, such as a fuse or circuit-breaker, whose breaking capacity must be at least equal to the maximum prospective short-circuit current at the installation point.
iPRD1 $12.5 r$ surge arresters also provide Type 2 protection and protect the electrical installation by inely clipping the lightning wave overvoltages.
Cover all applications required by the MEN earthing system (Multiple Earthed Neutral) defined by AS/NZS 3000. 1P or 3P SPDs need to be installed in the main LV switchboard where the MEN link is connected. 1PN or 3PN are installed in the other distribution boards.

iPRD1 12.5r (1P+N, 3P+N)
(Neutral cartridge is fixed)

iPRD1 12.5r (1P) iPRD1 12.5r (3P)

| Type | Product Solution |  |  | Earthing system |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cartridge surge arrester | 1P+N | 3P+N | 1P | 3P |  |
| iPRD1 12.5r | A9L16282 | A9L16482 |  |  | TT, TN-S |
|  |  |  | A9L16182 | A9L16382 | TN-C |


| Type | No. of poles | Width <br> 9 mm modules | $1 \operatorname{imp}(k A)$ (10/350) Impulse current | $I \max (k A)$ <br> (8/20) <br> Maximum discharge current | In - kA Nominal discharge current | Up - kV <br> Voltage pro- <br> tection <br> level | Un - (V) <br> Rated voltage network | Uc - V Maximum continious operating voltage (L-N)/(N-PE) | Cat. no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { iPRD1 } \\ & 12.5 r \end{aligned}$ | 1P | 2 | 12.5 (L-N)/50 (N-PE) | 50 | 20 | $\leq 1.5$ | 230 | 350/255 | A9L16182 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ | 4 | 12.5 (L-N)/50 (N-PE) | 50 | 20 | $\leq 1.5$ | 230 | 350/255 | A9L16282 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Type } \\ & 1+2 \end{aligned}$ | 3P | 6 | 12.5 | 50 | 20 | $\leq 1.5$ | 230/400 | 350 | A9L16382 |
|  | $3 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ | 8 | 12.5 (L-N)/50 (N-PE) | 50 | 20 | $\leq 1.5$ | 230/400 | 350/255 | A9L16482 |


| Spare cartridge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { iPRD1 } \\ & 12.5 \mathrm{r} \end{aligned}$ | - | 2 | - | - | 20 | $\leq 1.5$ | - | 350 | A9L16082 |


| Surge arresters | Spare cartridge |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Phase | Neutral |
| iPRD1 12.5r | A9L16082 | - |

Technical Data

## iPRD1 $12.5 r$ Type $1+2$ Low Voltage surge arresters (cont.)



Technical Data

| Main characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating frequency |  | 50 Hz |
| Degree of protection | Front panel | IP40 |
|  | Terminals | IP20 |
|  | Impacts | IK05 |
| Response time |  | <25 ns |
| Short circuit withstand (Iscer) |  | 50 kA |
| Temporary overvoltage withstand ( $\mathrm{U}_{T}$ ) | $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{T}}(\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{N})$ | 337 V AC/5 s |
|  | $U_{T}(L-P E)$ | $442 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/120} \mathrm{~min}$ |
| Temporary overvoltage Safe failure mode ( $\mathrm{U}_{T}$ ) | $U_{T}$ (N-PE) | 1200 V AC/200 ms |
|  | $U_{T}(L-P E)$ | 1455 V AC/200 ms |
| Ground residual current ( $\mathrm{I}_{\text {PE }}$ ) | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {PE }}(\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{PE})$ | 0.009 mA for 1P, 3P |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{PE}}$ (N-PE) | 0.000003 mA for $1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}, 3 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ |
| Follow current interrupting rating ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{f}}$ ) | $\mathrm{Ifi}_{\text {( }}$ (N-PE) | 100 A |
| End-of-life indication |  | White: correct operation |
|  |  | Red: at end of life |
|  | Remote notification | $1.5 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ AC |
| Live conductor | Rigid cable | 10... $35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | Flexible cable | 10... $25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Earth cable | Rigid cable | 16... $35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | Flexible cable | 16... $25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Operating temperature |  | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity range |  | 5 \% to 95 \% |
| Standards |  | IEC 61643-11: 2011 T1, T2 EN 61643-11: 2012 Type 1 + Type 2 |
| Approvals |  | CE, EAC, VDE |

Choice of disconnector / surge arrester

1): For lightning impulse current withstand use NSXm E TM80D range (2): For lightning impulse current withstand use NSXm B TM80D range
Weight (g)

| Surge arresters <br> Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1P | iPRD1 12.5r |
| $1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ | 171 |
| 3 P | 299 |
| $3 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ | 486 |
| Cartridge | Neutral |
|  | Phase |
|  |  |



Dimensions (mm)


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## Reference Numbers

## iPRD surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters

## iPRD withdrawable surge

 arresters allow quickreplacement of damaged cartridges.
Type 2 surge arresters
are tested with a $8 / 20 \mu s$
current wave.
Type 3 surge arresters
are tested with a
$1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and $8 / 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
combined wave.

Each surge arrester in the range has a specific application:

- incoming protection (type 2):
- the iPRD65r is recommended for a very high risk level (strongly exposed site)
- the iPRD40(r) is recommended for a high risk level
the iPRD20(r) is recommended for a medium risk level
- secondary protection (type 2 or 3):
- the iPRD8(r) ensures secondary protection of loads to be protected and is placed in cascade with the incoming surge arresters. This surge arrester is required when the loads to be protected are at a distance of more than 10 m from the incoming surge arrester.
The iPRD surge arresters with " r " indication have remote transfer of the information: "cartridge to be replaced"
Cover all applications required by the MEN earthing system (Multiple Earthed Neutral) defined by AS/NZS 3000. 1P or 3P SPDs need to be installed in the main LV switchboard where the MEN link is connected. 1 PN or 3PN are installed in the other distribution boards.

|  |  | Rated discharge | Nominal | Type of pr | tection | Network |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | current (Imax) | discharge current (In) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Incoming | Secondary | $1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ | $3 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ | 1P | 2P | 3P | 4P |
|  | $\square$ | iPRD65 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{+}{+}$ |  |  | 20 kA | iPRD65 |  |  |  | A9L65101 |  |  |  |
| N |  | Very high risk level (strongly exposed site) |  |  |  |  |  | A9L65121 |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}}{ }$ | ber Sctowiser |  |  |  |  | A9L65501 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ロ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L65301 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L65601 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | iPRD40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\square$ | $40 \mathrm{kA}$ | 15 kA | iPRD40 |  |  |  | A9L40101 |  |  |  |
|  |  | High risk level |  |  |  |  |  | A9L40100 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L40501 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | P |  |  |  |  | A9L40500 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L40301 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L40300 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L40601 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L40600 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | iPRD20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $20 \text { kA }$ | 5 kA | iPRD20 |  |  |  | A9L20100 |  |  |  |
| ๗ల్ల |  | Medium risk level |  |  |  | A9L20501 |  |  |  |  |  |
| © |  |  |  |  |  | A9L20500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{\underset{\sim}{\infty}}{ }$ | Sofictor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L20300 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L20601 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L20600 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | iPRD8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 8 kA Secondary pro- | 2.5 kA |  | iPRD8 |  |  | A9L08100 |  |  |  |
|  |  | tection: placed near the loads to be protected |  |  |  | A9L08501 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | when they are at a dis- |  |  |  | A9L08500 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 P | tance of more than 10 m from the incoming surge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L08300 |  |
|  |  | arrester |  |  |  |  | A9L08601 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A9L08600 |  |  |  |  |

Reference Numbers

## iPRD surge arresters

Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters (cont.)


| Spare cartridges iPRD |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Spare cartridges for | Cat. no |
| iPRD 65-350 | iPRD65r | A9L65102 |
| iPRD 40-350 | iPRD40, iPRD40r | A9L40102 |
| iPRD 20-350 | iPRD20, iPRD20r | A9L20102 |
| iPRD 8-350 | iPRD8, iPRD8r | A9L08102 |
| iPRD Neutral | All products (1P+N, 3P+N) | A9L00002 |


|  | Earthing system | Transfer | Surge arrester name | Width in mod. of 9 mm | Up - (kV) <br> Voltage protection level |  |  | Un - (V) Rated voltage network | Uc - (V) <br> Maximum continuous operating voltage |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | CM* |  | DM* |  | CM* |  | DM* |
|  |  |  |  |  | L/t | N/t | LIN |  | L/t | N/t | LIN |
| iPRD65 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A9L65101 | TT \& TN | $\square$ | iPRD65r 1P | 2 | y 1.5 | - | - | 230 | 350 | - | - |
| A9L65501 | TT \& TN-S | $\square$ | iPRD65r 1P+N | 4 | - | y 1.4 | y 1.5 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L65301 | TN-C | $\square$ | iPRD65r 3P | 6 | y 1.5 | - | - | 230/400 | 350 | - | - |
| A9L65601 | TT \& TN-S | ■ | iPRD65r 3P+N | 8 | - | y 1.4 | y 1.5 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| iPRD40 $\square$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A9L40101 | TT \& TN | - | iPRD40r 1P | 2 | y 1.6 | - | - | 230 | 350 | - | - |
| A9L40100 | TT \& TN |  | iPRD40 1P |  | y 1.6 | - | - |  | 350 | - | - |
| A9L40501 | TT \& TN-S | $\square$ | iPRD40r 1P+N | 4 | - | y 1.4 | y 1.6 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L40500 | TT \& TN-S |  | iPRD40 1P+N |  | - | y 1.4 | y 1.6 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L40301 | TN-C | - | iPRD40r 3P | 6 | y 1.6 | - | - | 230/400 | 350 | - | - |
| A9L40300 | TN-C |  | iPRD40 3P |  | y 1.6 | - | - |  | 350 | - | - |
| A9L40601 | TT \& TN-S | - | iPRD40r 3P+N | 8 | - | y 1.4 | y 1.6 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L40600 | TT \& TN-S |  | iPRD40 3P+N |  | - | y 1.4 | y 1.6 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| iPRD20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A9L20100 | TT \& TN |  | iPRD20 1P | 2 | y 1.2 | - | - | 230 | 350 | - | - |
| A9L20501 | TT \& TN-S | $\square$ | iPRD20r 1P+N | 4 | - | y 1.4 | y 1.2 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L20500 | TT \& TN-S |  | iPRD20 1P+N |  | - | y 1.4 | y 1.2 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L20300 | TN-C |  | iPRD20 3P | 6 | y 1.2 |  | - | 230/400 | 350 | - | - |
| A9L20601 | TT \& TN-S | $\square$ | iPRD20r 3P+N | 8 | - | y 1.4 | y 1.2 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L20600 | TT \& TN-S |  | iPRD20 3P+N |  | - | y 1.4 | y 1.2 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| iPRD8 (1) |  |  |  |  | Type 2 / Type 3 (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A9L08100 | TT \& TN |  | iPRD8 1P | 2 | y 1.2 | - | - | 230 | 350 | - | - |
| A9L08501 | TT \& TN-S | - | iPRD8r 1P+N | 4 | - | y 1.4 | y 1.2 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L08500 | TT \& TN-S |  | iPRD8 1P+N |  | - | y 1.4 | y 1.2 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L08300 | TN-C |  | iPRD8 3P | 6 | y 1.2 | - | - | 230/400 | 350 | - | - |
| A9L08601 | TT \& TN-S | - | iPRD8r 3P+N | 8 | - | y 1.4 | y 1.2 |  | - | 260 | 350 |
| A9L08600 | TT \& TN-S |  | iPRD8 3P+N |  | - | y 1.4 | y 1.2 |  | - | 260 | 350 |

[^2]
## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

General overview

## iPRD surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters

Connection


| Copper cables |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rigid | Flexible or with ferrule |



| iPRD $\quad 3.5$ N.m | 2.5 to $25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \quad 4$ to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Technical Data iPRD surge arresters

| Main characteristics |  | iPRD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating frequency |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Operating voltage (Ue) |  | 230/400 V AC $\pm 10$ \% |
| Permanent operating current (Ic) |  | $<1 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Response time |  | $<25$ ns |
| Short circuit current rating (Isccr) |  | $50 \mathrm{kA} \mathrm{( } 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |
| Short circuit current rating (Isccr), case of double fault |  | - |
| Temporary overvoltage withstand $\left(U_{T}\right)$ | $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{T}}(\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{N})$ | 337 V AC / 5 s |
|  | $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{T}}(\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{PE})$ | 442 V AC / 120 min |
| Temporary overvoltage | $\mathrm{U}_{\text {T }}$ (N-PE) | 1200 V AC / 200 ms |
| Safe failure mode ( $\mathrm{U}_{T}$ ) | $U_{T}(\mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{PE})$ | 1455 V AC / 200 ms |
| Ground residual current ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{PE}}$ ) | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {PE }}$ (L-PE) | $600 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ for 1P, 2P, 3P, 4P |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {PE }}$ (N-PE) | $3 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ for $1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}, 3 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ |
| Satisfactory operation indication: by mechanical indicator | White | In operation |
|  | Red | Cartridge must be replaced |
| Remote indication of satisfactory operation |  | By contact NO, NC $250 \mathrm{~V} / 0.25$ A |
| Additional characteristics |  |  |
| Degree of protection (IEC 60529) | Device only | IP20 (built-in) |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 |
| Operating temperature |  | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity range |  | 5 \% to 95 \% |
| Type of connection terminals |  | Tunnel terminals, 2.5 to $35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Standards |  | IEC 61643-11: 2011 T2, T3 and EN 6164311: 2012 Type 2, Type 3 |

Surge arrester/circuit breaker association

| Surge arrester | Associated circuit breaker |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | iPRD | Isc y $\mathbf{5 0} \mathbf{k A}$ |
|  | Isc y $\mathbf{2 5} \mathbf{~ k A}$ | Curve C 63 A |
| iPRD65 | Curve C 50 A | Curve C 63 A |
| iPRD40 | Curve C 40 A | Curve C 63 A |
| iPRD20 | Curve C 20 A | Curve C 63 A |
| iPRD8 | Curve C 10 A |  |

Weight (g)

| Surge arrester |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | iPRD |
| $1 P$ | 119 |
| $1 P+N$ | 220 |
| $3 P$ | 340 |
| $3 P+N$ | 450 |

iPRD dimensions (mm)





General overview

## iPRD surge arresters

Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters (cont.)


Connection iPRD surge arresters with its short circuit disconnector

## TT/TN-S

Power supply through the top
Connection with cables


Surge arrester iPRD $3 P+N+i C 60 N 3 P+N$

IT/TNC-S with neutral
Power supply through the top


Surge arrester iPRD 4P + iC60N 4P

TT/TN-S
Power supply through the bottom Connection with comb busbar


Surge arrester iPRD 3P+N+iC60N 3P+N

IT/TNC-S with neutral
Power supply through the bottom Connection with comb busbar


Surge arrester iPRD 4P + iC60N 4P

$$
<\text { 爵 > }
$$

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## Accessories

iC60, ilD, iDPN Vigi, RCA, ARA, iSW
Accessories

| Catalogue numbers | A9A27005 | A9A27006 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A9A27003 } \\ & \text { (1 per pole) } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Operating sub-assembly |  |  |
|  | + | + |  |
|  | Black handle | Red handle |  |
| Set of | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Suitability |  |  |  |
| iC60 | - 2P, 3P, 4P |  | $\square$ |
| iC60 RCBO | - |  | - |
| iSW | - 2P, 3P, 4P |  | $\square$ |
| iC60 + Vigi iC60 | - 2P, 3P, 4P |  | - |
| ild | $\square$ |  | $\square \leq 63 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| iDPN Vigi | - |  | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RCA+iC60 or } \\ & \text { ARA+iC60 } \end{aligned}$ | - |  | - |
| ARA+ild | - |  | - |

## Accessories

iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, RCA, ARA, iSW (Cont.)

| Accessories | Mounting |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Padlocking device |  | Captive padlocking device |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \times \times \\ & \stackrel{x}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{1}{8} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{6} \end{aligned}$ |
| Function |  |  |  |  |
|  | Used to padlock breaker in open or closed position <br> - Padlock diameter: 3 to 6 mm <br> - Sealable (max. diameter: 1.2 mm) <br> - Locking in ON position does not prevent tripping of the breaker in the event of faults <br> - Suitable for IEC/EN 60947-2 compliant disconnection | Used to padlock protection device in open position <br> - Padlock diameter: 3 mm <br> - Suitable for IEC/EN 60947-2 compliant disconnection | Used to padlock breaker in closed position <br> - Padlock diameter : 3 to 6 mm <br> - Fixed mounting on the left side or right side of the device <br> - 9 mm wide <br> - Compatible with comb busbar | Used to padlock breaker in closed position <br> - Padlock diameter : 3 to 6.5 mm <br> - Fixed mounting on the line side of the device <br> - Compatible with MSC chassis <br> - Special Escutcheon Cut Out for SAUA9PLDx is $63 \mathrm{~mm}(47 \mathrm{~mm}+$ 16 mm for padlocking device) |
| Catalogue numbers | A9A26970 | A9A27049 | A9A26380 A9A26381 | SAUA9PLDF Front padlock device (set of 1), |
|  |  |  |  | SAUA9PLDTC Padlock device terminal cover (set of 10), |
|  |  |  |  | SAUA9PLDPF Padlock device pole filler (set of 2) |
| Set of | 10 | 10 | 1 |  |
| Suitability |  |  |  |  |
|  | ■ | - | iC60, iC60 RCBO (left only) iC60+ Vigi iC60, ilD | - iC60, iC60 RCBO |
|  | - | $\square$ |  |  |
|  | $\square$ | - |  |  |
|  | $\square$ | - |  |  |
|  | $\square$ | - |  |  |
|  | $\square$ | - |  |  |
|  | $\square$ | - |  |  |
|  | $\square$ | - |  |  |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

Accessories

## iC60, iSW

| Accessories | Security |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Screw shield |  |


| Catalogue numbers | A9A26982 | A9A26981 | A9A26975 | A9A26976 | A9A27001 | A9A27062 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set of | $12 \times 1$ pole | $20 \times 4$ poles (splittable) | $2 \times 1$ pole | $2 \times 2$ poles | 10 | 5 |
| Suitability |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iC60 | - | $\square$ | $\square$ | - | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| iSW | - | - | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| Vigi iC60 | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | $\square$ |
| iID | - | $\square$ | - | - | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| iCV40, | - | - | - | - | - | $\square$ |
| iDPN Vigi | - | - | - | - | - | $\square$ |
| iID40 | - | - (2) | - | - (2) | only on power supply terminals (bottom) | $\square$ |
| Reflex iC60 or $\begin{aligned} & \text { RCA+iC60 or } \\ & \text { ARA+iC60 } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| ARA+ild | - | $\square$ | - | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |

[^3]Accessories
iC60, iSW (cont.)
Dimensions (mm)



Terminal shield 1 P


Terminal shield 2P


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## Accessories

## iC60, iSW (cont.)

Rotary handle installation
Dimensions (mm)


| $\mathbf{P}$ (mm) | $\mathbf{F}$ (mm) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 300 | 5 |
| 500 | 11 |

Rotary handle: front mounted control


Rotary handle: side mounted control

## Accessories

## C120, C60H-DC, iSW devices

| Accessories | Installation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rotary handle | Padlocking device |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Function |  |  |  |  |
|  | Front or side control of 2,3 and 4-pole circuit breakers | Used to padlock a circuit breaker in the "open" or "closed" position |  |  |

- Degree of protection: IP40
- A complete rotary handle consists of:
- a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. 27046,
- a handle cat. no. 27047 or a handle cat. no. 27048
- Installation:
- the circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly cat. no. 27046 is fixed to the circuit breaker
- the removable handle cat. no. 27047 is mounted on the removable front panel or on the enclosure door
- the fixed handle cat. no. 27048 is fixed to the
- front or side panel of the enclosure


## or "closed" position

- Diameter of the padlock: 8 mm max.
- Locking in the ON position does not prevent the circuit breaker from tripping in the event of a fault
- Isolation: in conformity with IEC/EN 60947-2.

| Cat. numbers | 27047 <br> Removable extended handle | 27048 <br> Fixed handle | 27046 <br> Operating sub-assembly | 27145 | 26970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set of | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Suitable for the following devices: |  |  |  |  |  |
| C60 | - 2P, 3P, 4P |  |  | - | $\square$ |
| C120 | - 2P, 3P, 4P |  |  | $\square$ | - |
| C120 + Vigi C120 | - 2P, 3P, 4P |  |  | $\square$ | - |
| DPN, DPN Vigi | - 3P, 4P |  |  | - | $\square$ |
| C60H-DC | - 2P |  |  | - | $\square$ |
| ID | - |  |  | - | $\square$ |
| iSW | iSW u at 4 modules of 9 mm |  |  | - | $\square$ |
|  |  |  |  | - | $\square$ |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

Accessories

## C120, C60H-DC, iSW devices (cont.)



## NG125 Devices



## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

## Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for iC60，iID，iDPN Vigi，iDPN VigiARC

－The electrical auxiliaries are combined with iC60，iDPN Vigi circuit breakers，ilD，iDPN VigiARC
－They enable tripping or remote indication of their position（open／closed／tripped）upon a fault．
－They are fastened by clips（without tools）to the left side of the breaker．
－The iOF／SD＋OF auxiliary is a 2－in－1 product：via a mechanical selector switch，it provides two contacts，OF＋SD or OF＋OF．
－The iOF＋SD24 auxiliary can report open／ closed（OF）status information and intentional or fault tripping of the associated device（SD） to the Acti9 Smartlink or a programmable logic controller via the TI24 interface（ 24 V DC）．
－The low current auxiliaries iOF，iSD，iSD＋OF （2 to 100 mA ）are especially dedicated to low current application to report status information to a Programmable Logic Controller（Industry）or a Controller（Building／BMS）．

Tripping auxiliaries：

## IEC 60947－1／AS／NZS 60947．1

－iMN：undervoltage release
－iMNs：delayed undervoltage release
－iMNx：undervoltage release，independant from supply voltage
－iMX：shunt release
－iMX＋OF：shunt release with open／close contact．

## IEC 63052

－iMSU：overvoltage release

## Indication auxiliaries：

## AS／NZS IEC 60947－5－1

－iOF：open／close contact 0．1－6A
－iSD：fault indicating contact 0．1－6A
－iOF／SD＋OF：open／close contact and switchable OF or SD contact 0．1－6A
－iOF＋SD24：open／close contact OF and default indicating contact SD with Ti24 interface．

## AS／NZS IEC 60947－5－4

－iOF＋SD24：open／close contact OF and default indicating contact SD with Ti24 interface


0ヶ6ヶ0ヶดด


Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, ilD, iDPN Vigi, iDPN VigiARC (cont.)

| Auxiliaries | Tripping |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | iMN | iMNs | iMNx |
| Type | Undervoltage release |  |  |
|  | Instantaneous | Delayed | Independent of the supply voltage |
|  |  |  |  |


| Function | - Trips the device with which it is combined when its input voltage de- <br> creases (between $70 \%$ and $35 \%$ Un). <br> - Prevents device closing again until its input voltage is restored |
| :--- | :--- | | -Tripping of the associated device by opening <br> of the control circuit <br> - <br> (e.g. push-button, dry contact) |
| :--- |


| Wiring Diagrams |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Use |  |


| Catalogue numbers | A9A26960 | A9A26961 | A9A26963 | A9A26969 | A9A26971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| iC60 RCBO | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | ■ | $\square$ |
| Technical specifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage (Ue) | 220... 240 V AC | 48 V AC | 220... 240 V AC | 220... 240 V AC | 380... 415 V AC |
|  | - | 48 V CC | - | - |  |
| Standardised operating and non-response to voltage times (Ua)* | - | - | - | - | - |
| Maximum operating time | - | - | - | - | - |
| Minimum non-response time | - | - | - | - | - |
| Operating frequency | 50/60 Hz |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Red mechanical indicator | On front face |  | On front face | On front face |  |
| Test function | - |  | - | - |  |
| Width in 9 mm modules | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |
| Operating current | - |  | - | - |  |
| Number of contacts | - |  | - | - |  |
| Operating temperature | $-35 . . .+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-35 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-35 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage temperature | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

*(Ua)
Voltages measured between the phase and the neutral conductor, at which the iMSU device must control the associated protective device.

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, ilD, iDPN Vigi, iDPN VigiARC (cont.)

| Auxiliaries | Tripping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | iMSU | iMX + OF |
| Type | Overvoltage release | Shunt release |
|  |  | With Open/Close auxiliary contact |
|  |  |  |
| Function |  |  |
|  | - Switches off the power supply by opening the breaker with which it is combined, in the event that the phase/neutral voltage is exceeded (loss of neutral). For a four-phase network, use three iMSU tripping auxiliaries. | - Trips the associated device when it is powered on |
|  |  | - Includes an open/close contact (OF) to indicate the "open" or "closed" position of the device |
| Wiring Diagrams |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Use |  |  |
|  | - Protection of equipment against overvoltages on the <br> - electrical network (neutral conductor break) <br> - Voltage monitoring between phase and neutral conductors | - Emergency stoppage by normally open push button <br> - Remote indication of the position of the associated device |
| Catalogue numbers | A9A26500 | A9A26946 A9A26947 A9A26948 |
| iC60, ild, iDPN Vigi | $\square$ | ■ ■ ■ |
| iC60 RCBO | $\square$ | ■ ■ ■ |
| Technical specifications |  |  |
|  | 230 V AC | 100... 415 V AC 48 V AC $12 \ldots 24 \mathrm{~V}$ AC |
|  | - | 110... 130 V DC 48 V DC $12 . .24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |
|  | 255 V AC 275 V AC 300 V AC 350 V AC 400 V AC | - |
|  | No tripping 15 s 5 s 0.75 s 0.20 s | - - - |
|  | 3 s 1 s 0.25 s 0.07 s | - - - |
|  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | On front face | On front face |
|  | - | - |
|  | 2 | 2 |
|  | - | 10 mA mini, 6 A maxi |
|  |  | $\leq 24 \mathrm{VDC} 6 \mathrm{~A}$ |
|  |  | 48 V DC 2 A |
|  |  | $\leq 130$ V DC 1 A |
|  |  | $\leq 240$ V AC 6 A |
|  |  | 415 V AC 3 A |
|  | - | 1 NO/NC |
|  | $-35 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-35 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Auxiliaries
Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iDPN VigiARC (cont.)

| Auxiliaries |  | Indication |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | iSD+OF | iOF/SD+OF | iOF+SD24 |
| Type |  | Open/close and fault indicating contact | Double open/close or fault indicating contact | Double open/close and fault indicating contact |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Function |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | - The iSD+OF auxiliary is a 2-in-1 product: it provides an OF+SD contact <br> - 2 contacts ( $2 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}$ ) can report the signalling information of the associated device to a Programmable Logic Controller (Industry) or a Controller (Building/BMS) | - The iOF/SD+OF auxiliary is a 2-in-1 product: via a mechanical selector switch, it provides 2 contacts, OF+SD or OF+OF | - 2 contacts ( $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ ) can report the signalling information of the associated device to the Acti9 Smartlink, a Programmable Logic Controller (Industry) or a Controller (Building/BMS): <br> - electrical fault <br> - actuation of the tripping auxiliary <br> - "Open" or "Closed" position of the associated device |
| Wiring Diagrams |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Utilization |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | - Remote indication of position and tripping upon a fault of the associated device | - Remote indication of position and/or tripping upon a fault of the associated device | - Remote indication of position and tripping upon a fault of the associated device |
| Catalogue numbers |  | A9A26919 | A9A26909 | A9A26897 A9A26898 |
| iC60, ild, iDPN Vigi, iD | N VigiARC | $\square$ | $\square$ | ■ ■ |
| iC60, iID double termin |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square \square$ |
| iC60 RCBO, iKQE RCB |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| Technical specifications |  |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage (Ue) | V AC | 24... 250 | 24... 415 | - - |
|  | V DC | 24... 220 | 24... 130 | 24 24 |
| Operating frequency | Hz | 50/60 | 50/60 | - - |
| Red mechanical indicator |  | On front face | On front face | On front face On front face |
| Test function |  | On toggle | On toggle | On toggle On toggle |
| Width in 9 mm modules |  | 1 | 1 | 1 1 |
| Operating current | 24 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A | 2 mA to 100 mA 2 mA to 100 mA |
|  | 48 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 2 A | - - |
|  | 60 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1.5 A | - - |
|  | 130 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1 A | - - |
|  | 220 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | - | - - |
|  | 24... 240 V AC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A | - - |
|  | 415 V AC | - | 100 mA to 3 A | - - |
| Number of contacts |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{OF}) / \mathrm{NC} \\ & 1 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{SD}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $1 \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{OF}) / \mathrm{NC}$ 1 NO (OF) / NC <br> $1 \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{OF}) / \mathrm{NC}$ $1 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}$ (SD) | 1 NO (OF) + 1 NC (SD) |
| Connections - terminals |  | Screw clamp | Screw clamp | Spring-loaded Ti24 (sold separately) |
| Wiring position |  | Top and bottom | Top and bottom | Top Bottom |
| Busbar compatibility |  | - | - | Bottom Top |
| Operating temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+70$ | -35...+70 | $-25 \ldots+70-25 \ldots+70$ |
| Storage temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+85$ | $-40 \ldots+85$ | $-40 \ldots+85-40 \ldots+85$ |

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iDPN VigiARC

Auxiliaries

- Low current auxiliary ( 2 to 100 mA ): 1 contact ( $1 \mathrm{NO} /$ NC ) can report the signalling information to a Programmable Logic Controller (Industry) or a Controller (Building/BMS)
Wiring Diagrams


| Utilization |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - Remote indication of the position of the associated device |  | - Remote indication of tripping upon a fault of the associated device |  |
| Catalogue numbers |  | A9A26914 | A9A26904 | A9A26917 | A9A26907 |
| iC60, ild, iDPN Vigi, iDPN VigiARC |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| iC60, ild double terminals |  | - | - | - | - |
| iC60 RCBO, iKQE RCBO |  | $\square$ | ■ | $\square$ | - |
| Technical specifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage (Ue) | V AC | 24... 250 | 24... 415 | 24... 250 | 24... 415 |
|  | V DC | 24... 220 | 24... 130 | 24... 220 | 24... 130 |
| Operating frequency | Hz | 50/60 | 50/60 | 50/60 | 50/60 |
| Red mechanical indicator |  | - | - | On front face | On front face |
| Test function |  | On toggle | On toggle | On toggle | On toggle |
| Width in 9 mm modules |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Operating current | 24 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A |
|  | 48 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 2 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 2 A |
|  | 60 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1.5 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1.5 A |
|  | 130 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1 A |
|  | 220 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | - | 2 mA to 100 mA | - |
|  | 24... 240 V AC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A |
|  | 415 V AC | - | 100 mA to 3 A | - | 100 mA to 3 A |
| Number of contacts |  | 1 NO (OF) / NC | 1 NO (OF) / NC | 1 NO / NC (SD) | 1 NO / NC (SD) |
| Connections - terminals |  | Screw clamp | Screw clamp | Screw clamp | Screw clamp |
| Wiring position |  | Bottom | Bottom | Bottom | Bottom |
| Busbar compatibility |  | Top | Top | Top | Top |
| Operating temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+70$ | -35...+70 | -25...+70 | -35...+70 |
| Storage temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -40...+85 | -40...+85 | -40...+85 | $-40 \ldots+85$ |

## Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iDPN VigiARC (cont.)


$\begin{array}{lll}\stackrel{\circ}{\otimes} & \square & \text { Digital Input operation regions } \\ \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} & \square & \text { Low Current Auxiliaries operation region } \\ \stackrel{y}{\otimes} & \square & \text { Regular Auxiliaries operation region }\end{array}$ Low Current Auxiliaries operation re
Regular Auxiliaries operation region

How to generate summary data using OF or SD contacts of low current electrical auxiliaries

- Electrical summary of the OF signals or electrical summary of the SD signals can be generated with low current indication auxiliaries ( 2 mA to 100 mA ) wired as a daisy chain
- The OF connections and the SD connections must not be connected on the same daiy chain: 2 separate daisy chains are required to report OF information on the one hand and SD information on the other
- A daisy chain is made of up to 100 OF contacts or 100 SD contacts
- A daisy chain is connected locally to the PLC or the Controller (inside the same switchboard).

OF contacts within a daisy chain

- OF contacts are Normally Open (NO)
- The electrical summary of the OF signals can be done by cabling in series all OF signals
- Any open position opens the daisy chain and can be detected



## SD contacts within a daisy chain

- SD contacts are Normally Closed (NC)
- The electrical summary of the SD signals can be done by cabling in series all SD signals
- Any SD signal opens the daisy chain and can be detected.

PLC / Controller


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, ilD, iDPN Vigi, iDPN VigiARC (cont.)

Connection

| mos | Type | Tightening | Copper ca |  | Multi-cables |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | torque | Rigid | Flexible | Rigid | Cables with ferrule |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Indication auxiliaries | 1 N.m | 1 to $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 0.5 to $2,5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| N | Tripping auxiliaries | 1 N.m | 1 to $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 0.5 to $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $2 \times .2 .5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

Ti24 connector Connection


| Type | Catalogue numbers | Copper cables |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Rigid | Flexible |
|  |  |  |  |
| Ti24 interface | A9XC2412 | $1 \times 0.5$ to $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 0.5$ to $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

Ti24 prefabricated cables connection


Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, ilD, iDPN Vigi, iDPN VigiARC (cont.)



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm .


Indifferent position of installation.

Technical data
Weight (g)
Electrical auxiliaries

| Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| iMN | 69 |
| iMNs | 72 |
| iMNx | 79 |
| iMSU | 68 |
| iMX | 64 |
| iMX+OF | 68 |
| iOF | 32 |
| iSD | 33 |
| iOF/SD+OF | 43 |
| iOF+SD24 | 25 |

Dimensions (mm)


## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for C120, C60H-DC

- The electrical auxiliaries provide the remote tripping or position (open/closed/tripped) indication functions of these devices in the event of a fault.
- They clip on (no tool required) to the left- hand side of the associated device.
- The OF+SD/OF auxiliary is a two-in-one product: a mechanical selector switch is used to select one of two contacts: OF+SD or OF+OF.
- The OF+SD24 auxiliary can report open/ closed (OF) status information and intentional or fault tripping of the associated device (SD) to the Acti 9 Smartlink or a programmable logic controller via the TI24 interface ( 24 V DC).
- The low current auxiliaries OF, SD (2 to 100 mA ) are especially dedicated to low current application to report status information to a Programmable Logic Controller (Industry) or a Controller (Building/BMS).


## Tripping auxiliaries:

## AS/NZS IEC 60947-1

- MN: undervoltage release
- MNs: delayed undervoltage release
- MNx: undervoltage release, independant from supply voltage

MX: shunt release

- MX+OF: shunt release with open/close contact.


## IEC 63052

- MSU: overvoltage release.


## Indication auxiliaries:

## AS/NZS IEC 60947-5-1

- OF.S: open/closed contact for ID
- OF: open/closed contact
- SD: fault indicating contact
- OF+SD/OF: choice of open/closed contact and OF or SD contact via the selector switch
- OF+SD24: open/close contact OF and cfault indicating contact SD with Ti24 interface.


## AS/NZS IEC 60947-5-4

OF+SD24: open/close contact OF and default indicating contact SD with Ti24 interface

Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for C120, C60H-DC (cont.)

| Auxiliaries | Tripping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MN | MNx |
| Type | Undervoltage release |  |
|  | Instantaneous Delayed | Independent of the supply voltage |
|  |  |  |
| Function |  |  |
|  | - Causes the device with which it is associated to trip when its input voltage decreases (between $70 \%$ and $35 \%$ of Un). Prevents the device from closing until its input voltage has been restored <br> - No tripping in the event of transient voltage dips (up to 0.2 s) | - Tripping of the associated device by opening of the control circuit (e.g. push-button, dry contact) <br> - A drop in the supply voltage does not trip the associated device <br> - A locking push-button control allows the circuit protected (e.g. machine control) to be placed in safety configuration |
| Wiring Diagrams |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Utilization

- Emergency stop via a normally-closed pushbutton
- Ensures the safety of the power supply circuits of several machines by preventing accidental startups
- Fail-safe emergency stop
- Insensitive to the variation in the control circuit voltage to improve continuity of service

Important: Before any servicing operation switch off the mains power supply (voltage presence at terminals E1/E2)

| Catalogue numbers | A9N26960 | A9N26961 | A9N26959 | A9N26963 | A9N26969 | A9N26971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, ID | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60PV-DC, C60NA-DC, C120NA-DC | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| Technical specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage (Ue) V AC | 220... 240 | 48 | 115 | 220... 240 | 230 | 400 |
| V DC | - | 48 | - | - | - |  |
| Standardised operating and non-response to voltage times (Ua)* | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Maximum operating time | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Minimum non-response time | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Operating frequency Hz | 50/60 |  | 400 | 50/60 | 50/60 |  |
| Mechanical state indicator light, red | On front face |  |  | On front face | On front fac |  |
| Test function | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| Width in 9 mm modules | 2 |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |
| Operating current | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| Number of contacts | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| Operating temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 . . .+50$ |  |  | $-25 \ldots+50$ | -25...+50 |  |
| Storage temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -40... +85 |  |  | -40... +85 | -40... +85 |  |
| Standards |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC/EN 60947-1 | $\square$ |  |  | $\square$ | $\square$ |  |
| IEC/EN 60947-5-1 | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| EN 60947-2 | $\square$ |  |  | $\square$ | - |  |
| EN 62019-2 ${ }^{(1)}$ | - |  |  | - | - |  |

[^4]
## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

Auxiliaries
Electrical auxiliaries for C120, C60H-DC (cont.)


[^5]Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for C120, C60H-DC, C60PV-DC (cont.)

| Auxiliaries | Indication |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | OF | OF | SD |  |
| Type | Open/closed auxiliary contact |  | Fault indicating contact |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Function |  |  |  |  |
|  | - Changeover contact indicates the "open" or "closed" position of the device <br> - Low current auxiliary (2 to 100 mA ): 1 contact ( $1 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}$ ) can report the signalling information to a Programmable Logic Controller (Industry) or a Controller (Building/BMS) |  | - Changeover contact indicates the position of the device upon: <br> - electrical fault <br> - action on tripping auxiliary <br> - Low current auxiliary ( 2 to 100 mA ): 1 contact ( $1 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}$ ) can report the signalling information to a pProgrammable Logic Controller (Industry) or a Controller (Building/BMS) |  |
| Wiring diagrams |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ |  |  |  |
| Use |  |  |  |  |
|  | - Remote indication of the position of the associated device |  | - Remote fault tripping indication of the associated device |  |
| Catalogue numbers | A9N26914 | A9N26904 | A9N26917 | A9N26907 |
| ID | ■ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, C60H-DC, C60H-DC, SW60DC, C60PV-DC, C60NA-DC, C120NA-DC | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| Technical specifications |  |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage (Ue) | 24... 250 V AC | 24...415 V AC | 24... 250 V AC | 24...415 V AC |
|  | 24... 220 V DC | 24...130 V DC | 24... 220 V DC | 24...130 V DC |
| Operating frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Mechanical state indicator | - | - | On front face | On front face |
| Test function | On front face | On front face | On front face | On front face |
| Width in 9 mm modules | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Operating 24 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A |
| current 48 VDC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 2 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 2 A |
| 60 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1.5 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1.5 A |
| 130 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 1 A |
| 220 V DC | 2 mA to 100 mA | - | 2 mA to 100 mA | - |
| $24 . .240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A | 2 mA to 100 mA | 100 mA to 6 A |
| 415 V AC | - | 100 mA to 3 A | - | 100 mA to 3 A |
| Number of contacts | 1 NO (OF) / NC | 1 NO (OF) / NC | 1 NO / NC (SD) | $1 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}$ (SD) |
| Connections - terminals | Screw clamp | Screw clamp | Screw clamp | Screw clamp |
| Wiring position | Bottom | Bottom | Bottom | Bottom |
| Busbar compatibility | Top | Top | Top | Top |
| Operating temperature | $-25 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Standards |  |  |  |  |
| IEC/EN 60947-1 | - | - | - | - |
| IEC/EN 60947-5-1 | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| IEC/EN 60947-5-4 | ■ | - | $\square$ | - |
| EN 60947-2 | - | - | - | - |
| EN 62019-2 ${ }^{(1)}$ | ■ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |

(1) For C120, DPN.

## Acti9 Protection and Isolation

Auxiliaries

## Electrical auxiliaries for C120, C60H-DC, C60PV-DC (cont.)

| Auxiliaries |  | Indication |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | OF+SD/OF | OF+SD24 |
| Tуре |  | Double open/closed or fault indicating contact | Double open/close and fault indicating contact |
|  |  |  |  |
| Function |  |  |  |
|  |  | - The OF+SD/OF auxiliary is a $2-\mathrm{in}-1$ product: via a mechanical selector switch, it provides two contacts, OF+SD or OF+OF | - 2 contacts ( $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ ) can report the signalling information of the associated device to the Acti9 Smartlink, a Programmable Logic Controller (Industry) or a Controller (Building/BMS): <br> - electrical fault <br> - actuation of the tripping auxiliary <br> - "Open" or "Closed" position of the associated device |
| Wiring diagrams |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Use |  |  |  |
|  |  | - Remote indication of position and/or tripping upon a fault of the associated device | - Remote indication of position and tripping upon a fault of the associated breaker |
| Catalogue | mbers | A9N26914 | A9N26917 |
| ID |  | $\square$ | ■ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { C60, C120, } \\ & \text { DC, C60H- } \\ & \text { DC, C60NA } \end{aligned}$ | N, DPN Vigi, C60H SW60-DC, C60PV, C120NA-DC | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| Technical specifications |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage (Ue) |  | 24...415 V AC | - |
|  |  | 24...130 V DC | 24 V DC |
| Operating | quency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | - |
| Mechanical | ate indicator | On front face | On front face |
| Test functio |  | On front face | On toggle |
| Width in 9 | modules | 1 | 1 |
| Operating current | 24 V DC | 100 mA to 6 A | 2 mA to 100 mA |
|  | 48 V DC | 100 mA to 2 A | - |
|  | 60 V DC | 100 mA to 1.5 A | - |
|  | 130 V DC | 100 mA to 1 A | - |
|  | 220 V DC | - | - |
|  | 24... 240 V AC | 100 mA to 6 A | - |
|  | 415 V AC | 100 mA to 3 A | - |
| Number of contacts |  | 1 NO (OF) / NC $1 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}$ (SD) | $1 \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{OF})+1 \mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{SD})$ |
| Connections - terminals |  | Screw clamp | Spring-loaded Ti24 (sold separately) |
| Wiring position |  | Top and bottom | Top |
| Busbar compatibility |  | - | Bottom |
| Operating temperature |  | $-25 \ldots+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Standards |  |  |  |
| IEC/EN 60947-1 |  | - | - |
| IEC/EN 60947-5-1 |  | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| IEC/EN 60947-5-4 |  | - | $\square$ |
| EN 60947-2 |  | - | - |
| EN 62019-2 ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | $\square$ | - |
| (1) For C120, DPN. |  |  |  |
| C-86 \| Life is On | Schneider Electric |  | ic | se.com/au |

## Acti9 Control and signalling

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## iPB Push-Buttons

IEC 60669-1, AS/NZS 60669.1 and AS/NZS IEC 60947-5-1

- iPB push-buttons are used to control electric circuits by means of pulses.
IPB push-buttons

Connection


| Tightening torque | Copper cables |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rigid | Flexible or with ferrule |
|  |  |  |
| 1 N.m | $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \mathrm{~min}$. | $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \mathrm{~min}$. |
|  | $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \mathrm{max}$. | $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2 \mathrm{max}$. |
| - Phase-separated wall that can be divided to allow the teeth of all types of comb busbar to pass through. |  |  |
| - Staggered terminals to simplify connection. |  |  |

Technical data

| Main characteristics |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pollution degree | 3 |
| Power circuit | 250 V AC |
| Voltage rating (Ue) | 20 A |
| Current rating (le) | 30,000 operations $\mathrm{AC} 22(\operatorname{cos~} \mathrm{cp}=0.8)$ |
| Additional characteristics | $-35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Endurance (O-C) | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . . .80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating temperature | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $\left.55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Storage temperature | Consumption: 0.3 W |
| Tropicalisation | Service life: 100,000 hours of constant lighting efficiency |
| LED indicator light | Maintenance-free indicator light (non-interchangeable LEDs) |

## Acti9 Control and signalling

General overview

## ilL indicator lights

## AS/NZS IEC 60947-5-1

- ilL indicator lights light up to indicate that a voltage is present.



## Connection


Tightening torque

| Copper cables |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rigid | Flexible or with ferrule |


|  | $\left.\begin{array}{ll}\stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \\ \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \\ \sim\end{array}\right]$ |
| :--- | :--- |

- Phase-separated wall that can be divided to allow the teeth of all types of comb busbar to pass through.
- Staggered terminals to simplify connection.

Dimensions (mm)


Technical data

| Main characteristics | 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pollution degree | $50 \ldots 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Power circuit | 2 Hz |
| Operating frequency | $-35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Flashing frequency | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Additional characteristics | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Operating temperature | Consumption per indicator light: 0.3 W |
| Storage temperature | Service life: 100,000 hours of constant lighting efficiency |
| Tropicalization | Maintenance-free indicator light (non-interchangeable LEDs) |
| LED indicator light |  |

General Overview \& Reference Numbers

## iSSW Linear Switches

IEC 60669-1, AS/NZS 60669.1 and AS/NZS IEC 60947-5-1

- iSSW linear switches are used for the manual control of electric circuits

| ISSW linear switches |
| :--- |
| Type |
| Contact |
| Diagram |
| Cat. no. |
| Width in 9 mm modules |

Dimensions (mm)


Technical data

| Main characteristics |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pollution degree |  |
| Power circuit | 250 V AC |
| Voltage rating (Ue) | 20 A |
| Current rating (le) |  |
| Additional characteristics | 30,000 operations $\mathrm{AC} 22(\cos \mathrm{cp}=0.8)$ |
| Endurance (O-C) | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $\left.55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Tropicalisation |  |

$$
<\text { 䍙 }>
$$

## Acti9 Control and signalling

## General Overview

## iCT contactors

## © IEC 61095

As per the above standards:
The breadth of the Acti9 iCT contactor range satisfies most application cases.
Acti9 iCT contactors can be combined with auxiliary control, protection and indication functions.

- Acti9 iCT contactors can be used to remote control applications in alternating current:
- lighting, heating, ventilation, roller blinds, sanitary hot water,
- mechanical ventilation systems, etc,
- load-shedding of non-priority circuits.


[^6] of lighting

Reference Numbers

## iCT contactors (cont.)



[^7]
## Acti9 Control and signalling

## General Overview

## iCT contactors (cont.)



Ti24 connector connection


Ti24 prefabricated cables connection


## iCT contactors (cont.)

Technical data


Clip on DIN rail 35 mm .

$\pm 30^{\circ}$ vertical.


| Power circuit |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Voltage rating (Ue) 1P, 2P | 250 V AC |
| 3P, 4P | 400 V AC |
| Frequency | 50 Hz or 60 Hz |
| Type of load | See module CA908026 |
| Endurance (O-C) |  |
| Electrical | 100,000 cycles |
| Maximum number of switching operations per day | 100 |
| Additional characteristics |  |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) | 440 V AC |
| Pollution degree | 2 |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | 2.5 kV (4 kV for 12/24/48 V AC) |
| Degree of protection (IEC 60529) Device only | IP20 |
| Device in modular enclosure | IP40 |

Operating temperature $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-2-30)
Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
ELSV compliance (Extra Low Safety Voltage) for 12/24/48 V AC versions
The product control conforms to the SELV (safety extra low voltage) requirements


Temperature derating table

| Acti9 iCT | Ambient temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\right)$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rating (A) | $\mathbf{\leq 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ |
| 63 | 63 | 59.8 | 50 |
| 40 | 40 | 38 | 32 |
| 25 | 25 | 23.8 | 20 |
| 16 | 16 | 15.2 | 12.8 |

If multiple iCTs side by side: install spacer and apply 0.8 coefficient on upper current values.


## Acti9 Control and signalling

General Overview

## iCT contactors (cont.)

Mounting accessories

| $\mathbf{1}$ 9mm spacer |  | A9A27062 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Auxiliaries |  |  |
| Indication |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2} \quad$ Acti9 iACTs | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ | A9C15914 |
|  |  | 1 CO |
|  | 2 NO | A9C15916 |

Double control inputs

| 3 | Acti9 iACTs | $230 \vee$ AC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $24 \vee$ AC |

Control and indication
4 Acti9 iACTs
230 V AC
A9C15924


Only 1 iACTc, iATEt, iACTp or iACT24 at the left of Acti9 iCT $\geq 25 \mathrm{~A}$

Auxiliaries

## iCT contactors (cont.)

Auxiliaries Indication

## Wiring diagrams



## Mounting

- Mounted to the right of Acti9 iCT
- Mounted to the left of Acti9 iCT by yellow clips ${ }^{(1)}$


## Utilization

- Mains power outages:
- < 70 ms : keeps its initial status
- > 80 ms : reset
- put back into operation by manual operation on input $X$ or $T$.
- Minimum impulse duration: 250 ms

| Catalog numbers |  | A9C15914 | A9C18308 | A9C18309 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Technical specifications |  |  |  |  |
| Control voltage (Ue) | V AC | 24... 240 | 230... 240 | 24... 48 |
|  | V DC | 24... 130 | - | - |
| Control voltage frequency | Hz | 50/60 | 50/60 | 50/60 |
| Width in 9 mm modules |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Auxiliary contact (breaking capacity) |  | - Mininimum: 10 mA at 24 V DC/AC <br> - Maximum: <br> - 5 A at 230 V AC, AC12 <br> - 2 A at 230 V AC, AC15 <br> - 1 A at 130 V DC, DC13 | - | - |
| Number of contacts |  | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ | - | - |
| Operating temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Consumption |  | - | OFF load: 3 VA Inrush ${ }^{(2):} 2$ VA Holding ${ }^{(2)}$ 0.2 VA | OFF load: 3 VA Inrush ${ }^{(2):} 2$ VA Holding ${ }^{(2)}$ : 0.2 VA |

(1) Electrical and mechanical link.
(2) Maximum consumption of all contactors controlled.

## Acti9 Control and signalling

General Overview

## iCT contactors (cont.)

| Auxiliaries | Control and indication |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | Control and indication 24 V DC |
|  | With Ti24 connector |
|  |  |

- This auxiliary allows a contactor to be interfaced with the Acti9 Smartlink interface or a programmable logic controller (PLC) in 24 V DC (control, O/C indication)
- 230 V AC control



## Mounting

- To the left of the Acti9 iCT contactor using the yellow clips ${ }^{(1)}$.

When an iACT24 is used, the A1/A2 terminals of the contactors should not be wired. Only the yellow clips integral with the IACT24 should be used for connection to the coil.

(1) Mechanical and electrical link.

Technical

## iCT contactors (cont.)

## Operation of the iACT24

## O/C 24 V DC output



- Minimum duration of 230 V AC pulse (Y2): 200 ms .
- 30 iACT24 closing or opening actuations are authorized per minute

Minimum time delay between 2 actuations on the iACT4 via Y1,Y2, Y3 (closing or opening of the Acti9 iCT coil): 220 ms

- 10 closing or opening actuations spaced 440 milliseconds apart are authorized following no loading of the iACT24 during a period of 20 seconds.
Wiring with exclusive selector
230 V AC control $(\mathrm{Y} 1=0) / 24$ V DC control $(\mathrm{Y} 1=1)$



Wiring for non-exclusive 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls



## Acti9 Control and signalling

Technical

## iCT contactors (cont.)

Consumption
Acti9 iCT contactors - 50 Hz

| Type | Rating (In) |  | Control voltage $\text { (V AC) }(50 \mathrm{~Hz})$ | Consumption |  | Max.power | Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AC7a | AC7b |  | Holding | Inrush |  |  |
| 1P |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 25 A | 8.5 A | 230... 240 | 2.7 VA | 9.2 VA | 1.2 W | A9C20731 |
| 2P |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16 A | 5 A | 24 | 3.8 VA | 15 VA | 1.3 W | A9C22112 |
|  |  |  | 230... 240 | 2.7 VA | 9.2 VA | 1.2 W | A9C22712 |
|  |  |  | 230... 240 | 2.7 VA | 9.2 VA | 1.2 W | A9C22715 |
|  | 25 A | 8.5 A | 24 | 3.8 VA | 15 VA | 1.3 W | A9C20132 |
|  |  |  | 230... 240 | 2.7 VA | 9.2 VA | 1.2 W | A9C20732 |
|  |  |  | 230... 240 | 2.7 VA | 9.2 VA | 1.2 W | A9C20736 |
|  | 40 A | 15 A | 220... 240 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C20842 |
|  | 63 A | 20 A | 24 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C20162 |
|  |  |  | 220... 240 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C20862 |
|  | 100 A (*) | - | 220... 240 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20882 |
| 3P |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 25 A | 8.5 A | 220... 240 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C20833 |
|  | 40 A | 15 A | 220... 240 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20843 |
|  | 63 A | 20 A | 220... 240 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20863 |
| 4P |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16 A | 5 A | 24 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C22114 |
|  | 25 A | 8.5 A | 24 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C20134 |
|  |  |  | 220... 240 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C20834 |
|  |  |  | 24 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C20137 |
|  |  |  | 220... 240 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C20837 |
|  |  |  | 220... 240 | 4.6 VA | 34 VA | 1.6 W | A9C20838 |
|  | 40 A | 15 A | 220... 240 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20844 |
|  |  |  | 220... 240 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20847 |
|  | 63 A | 20 A | 24 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20164 |
|  |  |  | 220... 240 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20864 |
|  |  |  | 24 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20167 |
|  |  |  | 220... 240 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20867 |
|  |  |  | 220... 240 | 6.5 VA | 53 VA | 2.1 W | A9C20868 |
|  | 100 A (*) | - | 220... 240 | 13 VA | 106 VA | 4.2 W | A9C20884 |

[^8]Technical

## iCT contactors (cont.)

## Dimensions (mm)




$$
<\text { 冒 }>
$$

## Acti9 Control and signalling

General overview

## iCT+ high-performance contactors

iCT+ high-performance contactors allow remote control of single-phase circuits. They are designed for demanding applications.


EN 60669-2-2
iCT+ high-performance contactors can be used for remote control of applications on AC networks:

- lighting, heating, ventilation, roller blinds, domestic hot water
- mechanical ventilation systems, etc.
- load shedding on non-priority circuits.

(1) Supplied with a 9 mm spacer (cat. no. A9N27062): to be used for mounting the iCT+ alongside a circuit breaker, contactor, impulse relay, etc., in order to maintain optimal operation.


## (!)

It is compulsory:

- to connect the neutral
- to keep the same control circuit connection "A1: phase", "A2: neutral"
- to use the same phase for connection of the power and control functions.

Operation (manual-control contactor)


General overview
iCT+ high-performance contactors (cont.)
Connection

| Type | Tightening torque | Copper cables |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Rigid or flexible with ferrule | Rigid or flexible without ferrule |
|  |  |  |  |
| iCT+ | 1 N.m | $2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & 1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |

Technical data

| Control circuit |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coil voltage (Uc) |  | 230 V AC ( $\pm 10$ \%) |
| Frequency |  | 50 Hz |
| Inrush power |  | 11 VA |
| Holding power |  | 1.1 VA |
| Power circuit |  |  |
| Voltage rating (Ue) |  | 230 V AC ( $\pm 10$ \%) |
| Frequency |  | 50 Hz |
| Electrical load | Minimum | 20 W |
|  | Maximum | 3600 W |
| Max. number of switching operations per minute |  | 6 |
| Other characteristics |  |  |
| Endurance (O-C) Electrical |  | 5.000 .000 cycles |
| Pollution degree |  | 3 |
| Degree of protection (IEC 60529) | Device only | IP20 |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 Insulation class \|I |
| Operating temperature |  | $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1) |  | 2 (relative humidity of $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |


| High-performance contactors |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | iCT + |
| Standard $1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ | 70 |
| 1P+N with manual control | 70 |

$$
<\text { 国 }>
$$

## Acti9 Control and signalling

General overview
iTL impulse relays
IEC 60669-2-2 iTLs:
AS/NZS IEC 60947-5-1


Almpulse relays

General overview

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)



Extensions iETL


Centralised control + indication

iATLc+s
Used for centralised control, thanks to a "pilot line", of a group of impulse relays controlling separate circuit, while at the controlling separate circuit, while at the
same time maintaining local individual same time maintaining local in
control of each impulse relay
Remote indication of the mechanical status of each relay


Multi-level centralised
control iATLc+c
Allows centralised control
of a group of iTLc or "iTL + ATLc" impulse relays

## Impulse relays are used:

Closing of the impulse relay pole(s) is triggered by an impulse on the coil.

- Having two stable mechanical positions, the pole(s) will be opened by the next impulse. Each impulse received by the coil reverses the position of the pole(s)
Can be controlled by an unlimited number of pushbuttons.
- Zero energy consumption


Control iATLz

- Must be used when installing several illuminated PBs in parallel to control an impulse relay (prevents operating malfunctions)


Step by step control iATL4
Allows step-by-step control of two circuits via a single pushbutton

## Acti9 Control and signalling

General overview

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

Mounting accessories

| $\mathbf{1}$ | Yellow clips | A9C15415 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 9 mm spacer | A9A27062 |

Auxiliaries
Indication
$\longrightarrow \nearrow \sim$

| $\mathbf{3}$ iATLs ${ }^{(1)}$ | - | A9C15405 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Centralised control + indication |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4} \quad{\text { iATLc }+ \text { s }^{(3)}}^{24 \ldots 240 \vee ~ A C ~}$ | A9C15409 |  |

Multi-level centralised control

| $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathrm{iATLc}+\mathrm{c}^{(2)(3)}$ | $24 \ldots 240 \mathrm{VAC}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Step by step control

| $\mathbf{6}$ | iATL4 | 230 V AC | A9C15412 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Control by illuminated push-buttons

| $\mathbf{7}$ | iATLz | $230 \ldots 240$ V AC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Latched control |  | A9C15413 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | iATLm ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |
| Control and indication |  |  |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | iATL24 | 230 V AC |

(1) The iATLs and IATLm 9 mm auxiliaries must be mounted to the right of an impulse relay. (2) Connection by traditional cabling.

The iATLc+c must be mounted to the right of an iATLc+s or an iATLc.
(3) The centralised control functions (iTLc, iATLc, iATLc+s, iATLc+c) only operate on AC voltage networks.


1


General overview

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)



## Acti9 Control and signalling

Auxiliaries

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

Auxiliaries choice in V AC and V DC

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { VAC } \\ & \hline \text { Type } \end{aligned}$ | Choice impulse relays auxiliaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard ITL |  |  |  |  |  | Changeover iTLI |  |  |  |  | iTLc centralised control |  |  | iTLm control on latched order | iTLs remote indication |  |  |
| Rating A | 16 |  |  |  |  | 32 | 16 |  |  |  |  | 16 |  |  | 16 | 16 |  |  |
| Control voltage (UC) V AC | 230/240 | 130 | 48 | 24 | 12 | 230/240 | 2301240 | 130 | 48 | 24 | 12 | 230/240 | 48 | 24 | 2301240 | 2301240 | 48 | 24 |
| Auxiliaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extension |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iETL | - | - | - | $\square$ |  | - | $\square$ | ■ | - | - | ■ | - | ■ | - | ■ | - | ■ | - |
| Centralised control + indication |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iATLC+s | $\square$ | ■ | ■ | $\square$ |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | ■ | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ■ | - | - |
| Centralised control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iATLC | - | ■ | - | $\square$ | - | - | $\square$ | ■ | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ■ | - | - |
| Indication |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iATLs | ■ | - | - | $\square$ | - | $\square$ | $\square$ | ■ | $\square$ | - | $\square$ | ■ | ■ | $\square$ | - | ■ | - | - |
| Multi-level centralised control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iATLC+C | - | $\square$ | - | $\square$ | - | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | - | - | $\square$ | ■ | - | - | - | - | $\square$ |
| Latched control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AATLm | - | - | - | - | $\square$ | ■ | - | ■ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Control for iluminated Pushbutton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iATLz | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | ■ | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | ■ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Step by step control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iATL4 | ■ | - | - | - | - | ■ | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | ■ | - | - | - | ■ | - | - |
| Control and indication |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iATL24 | $\square$ | $-$ | - | - | - | $\square$ | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| V DC | Choice impulse relays auxiliaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | Standard | ard iTL |  |  |  |  | Changeo | over it |  |  |  | iTLc centra control | alised <br> ol |  | iTLm control on latched order | iTLs re | emote <br> tion |  |
| Rating A | 16 |  |  |  |  | 32 | 16 |  |  |  |  | 16 |  |  | 16 | 16 |  |  |
| Control voltage (UC) V DC | 11048 | 48 | 24 | 12 | 6 | 110 | 11048 | 84 |  | 12 | 6 | - |  |  | 110 | 1102 | 24 | 12 |
| Auxiliaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extension |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iETL | - ■ | 11 | ■ | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | - | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| Centralised control + indication |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| iATLs | - ■ | - | 1 | - | - | - | - - | - | - | $\square$ | $\square$ | - | - | - | - | - | $\square$ | $\square$ |

References

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

Catalogue numbers
iTL impulse relays

| Tуpe |  |  | 1P | 2P | 3P | 4P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 NO | 2 NO | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ | 4 NO |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $2 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ |
| Rating (ln) | Control voltage (Uc) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (V AC) } \\ & (50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \end{aligned}$ | (V DC) |  |  |  |  |
| 16 A | 12 | 6 | A9C30011 | A9C30012 | A9C30011 + A9C32016 | A9C30012 + A9C32016 |
|  | 24 | 12 | A9C30111 | A9C30112 | A9C30111 + A9C32116 |  |
|  | 48 | 24 | A9C30211 | A9C30212 | A9C30211 + A9C32216 | A9C30212 + A9C32216 |
|  | 130 | 48 | A9C30311 | A9C30312 | A9C30311 + A9C32316 | A9C30312 + A9C32316 |
|  | 230... 240 | 110 | A9C30811 | A9C30812 | A9C30811 + A9C32816 |  |
| Width in 9 mm modules |  |  | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 NO | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ |
| 32 A | 230... 240 | 110 | A9C30831 | A9C30831 + A9C32836 | A9C30831 + $2 \times$ A9C32836 | A9C30831 $+3 \times$ A9C32836 |
| Width in 9 mm modules |  |  | $2$ | $4$ | $6$ | $8$ |

iTLI impulse relays


## Acti9 Control and signalling

References

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

iTLc , iTLm, iTLs with built-in auxiliary function - Catalogue numbers
iTLc impulse relay with centralised control
Type
iTLm impulse relay with latched control

| Type |
| :--- |
| Rating (In) |
| Control voltage (Uc) |
| (V AC) $(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |
| Width in 9 mm modules |
| $230 \ldots 240$ |

iTLs impulse relay with remote indication*

| Type |  |  | 1 P | 3P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 NO | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NO} / \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ |
| Rating (In) | Control voltage (Uc) |  |  |  |
|  | (V AC) ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | (V DC) |  |  |
| 16 A | 230... 240 | 110 | A9C32811 | A9C32811 + A9C32816 |
| Width in 9 mm modules |  |  | $2$ | 4 |

[^9]
## General Overview

iTL impulse relays (cont.)

Connection


Ti24 connector connection


Ti24 prefabricated cables connection


## Acti9 Control and signalling

General Overview

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

Operation


Technical data

| Control circuit |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | iTL and iTLI 16 A iTLc, iTLm, iTLs, iETL 16 A | iTL 32 A, iETL 32 A |
| Control voltage (Uc) | Tolerence at 50 Hz | +6\%,-15 \% |  |
|  | Tolerence at 60 Hz | $\pm 6 \%$, |  |
|  | Tolerence V DC | +6 \%, -10 \% |  |
| Dissipated power (during the impulse) |  | 1, 2, 3P: 19 VA | 19 VA |
|  |  | 4P: 38 VA |  |
| Illuminated PB control |  | Max. current 3 mA (if > use an ATLz) |  |
| Operating threshold |  | Min. $85 \%$ of Un in conformance with IEC/EN60669-2-2 |  |
| Duration of the control order |  | 50 ms to 1 s ( 200 ms recommended) |  |
| Response time |  | 50 ms |  |
| Power circuit |  |  |  |
| Voltage rating (Ue) | 1P, 2P | $24 . . .250$ V AC |  |
|  | 3P, 4P | 24....415 V AC |  |
| Frequency |  | 50 Hz or 60 Hz |  |
| Maximum number of operations per minute |  | 5 |  |
| Maximum number of switching operation a day |  | 100 |  |
| Additional characteristics |  |  |  |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) |  | 440 V AC |  |
| Pollution degree |  | 3 |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) |  | 6 kV |  |
| Overvoltage category |  | IV |  |
| Endurance (O-C) |  |  |  |
| Electrical |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 200,000 cycles (AC21) } \\ & \hline \text { 100,000 cycles (AC22) } \end{aligned}$ | 50,000 cycles (AC21) |
|  |  |  | 20,000 cycles (AC22) |
| Other characteristics |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection (IEC 60529) | Device only | IP20 |  |
|  | Device in modular enclosure | IP40 | Insulation class II |
| Operating temperature |  | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1) |  | Treatment 2 (relative humidity $95 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

Electrical auxiliaries for iTL impulse relays

|  |  | Indication | Control |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auxiliaries |  | iATLs | iATLc+s | iATLc+c |
| Type |  | Indication | Centralised control + indication | Multi-level centralised control |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Function |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | - Allows remote indication of the associated impulse relay | - Used for centralised control, thanks to a "pilot line", of a group of impulse relays controlling separate networks, while at the same time maintaining local individual control of each impulse relay <br> - And for remote indication of the mechanical status of each relay | - Used to control the centralised controls of a number of impulse relay groups, while at the same time maintaining local individual control and centralised control by level |
| Wiring diagrams |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | - | - | - Each group, made up of iTLc or (iTL or iTLl or iTLs) + iATLc+s, must only contain a single iATLc+c <br> - Maximum number of impulse relays that can be controlled: <br> - 230 V AC: 24 <br> - 130 V AC: 12 <br> - 48 V AC: 5 |
| Mounting |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | - Mounted to the right of iTL by yellow clip |  | - Without mechanical link with impulse relays and auxiliaries |
| Catalog numbers |  | A9C15405 | A9C15409 | A9C15410 |
| Technical specifications |  |  |  |  |
| Control voltage (Ue) | V AC | - | 24... 240 | 24... 240 |
|  | V DC | - | - | - |
| Control voltage frequency | Hz | - | 50/60 | 50/60 |
| Width in 9 mm modules |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Auxiliary contact (breaking capacity) |  | - Mininimum: 10 mA at 24 V DC/AC <br> - Maximum (IEC 60947-5-1): <br> - 6 A at 12... 240 V AC <br> - 6 A at $12 \ldots 24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC <br> - 2 A at $15 . . .240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ <br> - 2 A at $13 . . .24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC | - Mininimum: 10 mA at 24 V DC/AC <br> - Maximum (IEC 60947-5-1): <br> - 6 A at 12... 240 V AC <br> - 6 A at $12 \ldots 24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC <br> - 2 A at $15 . . .240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ <br> - 2 A at $13 . . .24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC | - |
| Number of contacts |  | - | - | - |
| Operating temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Acti9 Control and signalling

## Auxiliaries

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

Electrical auxiliaries for iTL impulse relays (cont.)

|  | Control |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auxiliaries | iATL4 | iATLz |
| Type | Step by step control | Control by illuminated push-buttons |
|  |  |  |

## Function



- The cycle is as follows:
- 1st impulse - iTL 1 closed, iTL 2 open
- 2nd impulse - iTL 1 open, iTL 2 closed
- 3rd impulse - iTL 1 and 2 closed
- 4th impulse - iTL 1 and 2 open
- 5th impulse - iTL 1 closed, iTL 2 open, etc
- Provide an iATLz when the current drawn up by the illuminated push-buttons is higher than 3 mA (this curren is sufficient to keep the coils energised). Above this value fit one extra iATLz per 3 mA
- For example: for 7 mA , fit 2 iATLz


## Mounting

| Catalog numbers |  | A9C15412 | A9C15413 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Technical specifications |  |  |  |
| Control voltage (Ue) | V AC | 230 | $230 \ldots 240$ |
|  | V DC | - | - |
| Control voltage frequency | Hz | $50 / 60$ | $50 / 60$ |
| Width in 9 mm modules |  | 4 | 2 |
| Auxiliary contact <br> (breaking capacity) |  | - | - |
| Number of contacts |  | - | - |
| Operating temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{to}+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{to}+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Auxiliaries

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

Electrical auxiliaries for iTL impulse relays (cont.)
Type Control and indication
Wiring diagrams

Wiring with exclusive selector 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls


Wiring for non-exclusive 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls

## Mounting

- To the left of the iTL impulse relay using the yellow clips ${ }^{(1)}$
- When an iATL24 is used, the A1/A2 terminals of the impulse relay should not be wired. Only the yellow clips integral with he iATL24 should be used for connection to the coll

| Utilization |  | - 230 V AC interface: <br> - Y 1 : enabling of 24 VDC control $(\mathrm{Y} 1=1)$ or inhibition of 24 VDC control $(\mathrm{Y} 1=0)$. <br> - Y2: 230 V pulse control <br> - "TI24" 24 V DC interface: <br> - Y3: 24 V DC control of iTL closing on rising edge and opening on falling edge <br> - reading of the impulse relay status (opened or closed) from the position of the integrated O/C auxiliary contact <br> - monitoring of connection of the "Ti24" terminal block by the upstream system (PLC, supervision system) via the 24 V terminal (in the centre of the Ti24 terminal block) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Catalog numbers |  | A9C15424 |
| Technical specifications |  |  |
| Control voltage (Ue) | V AC | 230, +10 \%, -15 \% (Y2) |
|  | V DC | 24, $\pm 20$ \% (Y3) |
| Control voltage frequency | Hz | 50/60 |
| Insulation voltage (Ui) | V AC | 250 |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | kV | 8 (OVC IV) |
| Pollution degree |  | 3 |
| Degree of protection |  | IP20B device only |
|  |  | IP40 device in modular enclosure |
| Width in 9 mm modules |  | 3 |
| Auxiliary contact (O/C) Ti24 |  | 24 V DC protected output, min. 2 mA , max. 100 mA |
| Contact |  | $1 \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{C}$ operating category AC 14 |
| Operating temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Consumption |  | <1 W |
| Standard |  | IEC/EN 60947-5-1 |

(1) Mechanical and electrical connection.

## Acti9 Control and signalling

## Technical

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

Electrical auxiliaries for iTL impulse relays (cont.)


Operation of the iATL24
O/C 24 V DC output

Parameter
Time delay between iATL24 closing and indication

- Minimum duration of 230 V AC pulse (Y2): 200 ms .
- 30 iATL24 closing or opening actuations are authorized per minute: Minimum time delay between 2 actuations on the iATL24 via Y1,Y2, Y3 (closing or opening of the iTL coil): 440 ms .
- 10 closing or opening actuations spaced 440 milliseconds apart are authorized following no loading of the iATL24 during a period of 20 seconds.

Wiring with exclusive selector 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls


Wiring for non-exclusive 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls



## Accessories

## iTL impulse relays (cont.)

| Type | Security |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Dimensions (mm)

iTL 1P iTL+iETL
iTLC
$i T L m$
iTLs
iTLi
iETL

iATLc
iATLs
iATLm


## Acti9 Control and signalling

General overview

## iTL+ high-performance impulse relays

The iTL+ high-performance impulse relay allows remote control of single-phase circuits. It is designed for demanding applications.


## EN 60669-2-2

The iTL+ high-performance impulse relay is used for push-button control of lighting circuits consisting of:

- incandescent lamps, low-voltage halogen lamps, etc. (resistive loads)
- fluorescent tubes, discharge lamps, etc. (inductive loads).

(1) Supplied with a 9 mm spacer (cat. no. A9N27062): to be used for mounting the iTL+ alongside a circuit breaker, contactor, impulse relay, etc., in order to maintain optimal operation.


It is compulsory:

- to connect the neutral
- to keep the same control circuit connection "A1: phase", "A2: neutral"
- to use the same phase for connection of the power and control functions.

Operation


Connection


General overview
iTL+ high-performance impulse relays (cont.)
They combine the benefits of static switching and


| Control circuit |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Coil voltage (Uc) | 230 V AC |
| Frequency | 50 Hz |
| Inrush power | 11 VA |
| Holding power | 1.1 VA |
| Control by luminous push button | Max. current 5 mA |
| Control order duration | 50 ms to $1 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{(recommended} \mathrm{200} \mathrm{ms)}$ |
| Power circuit | 230 V AC |
| Voltage rating (Ue) | 50 Hz |
| Frequency | 20 W |
| Electrical load | 3600 W |
| Max. number of switching operations per minute | 6 |
| Other characteristics |  |
| Endurance (O-C) Electrical |  |
| Degree of protection (IEC 60529) | Device only |
|  | Device in modular enclosure |
| Noise level at activation | IP 40 Insulation class II |
| Operating temperature | $<30$ dBA |
| Storage temperature | $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1) |  |

Weight (g)

| High-performance contactors |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Type | iTL + |
| $1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$ | 70 |

## Acti9 Control and signalling

## General overview

## Time Delay Relays

## Time Switches - Analogue \& Digital



A9E16065

| Time Delay Relays - 0.1s to 100h |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | No. of contacts | Rating | Width in mod of 9mm | Coil voltage | Reference |
| RTA | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 8A | 2 | 24 V DC or $24-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | A9E16065 |
| RTB | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 8A | 2 | 24 V DC or $24-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | A9E16066 |
| RTC | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 8A | 2 | 24 V DC or $24-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | A9E16067 |
| RTH | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 8A | 2 | 24 V DC or $24-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | A9E16068 |
| RTL | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 8A | 2 | 24 V DC or $24-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | A9E16069 |
| RTMF | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 8A | 2 | 12-240V AC/DC | A9E16070 |

## Note

## Function and use:

- RTA delay on make: allows a delay in the energisation of a load (coil of a contactor or relay). The time delay cycle begins at the energisation of the RTA and the load is switched on at the end of the time period.
- RTB single shot: energizes a load at the closing of an auxiliary push-button. The time delay starts at the closing of the auxilary push-button.
- RTC delay on break: energizes a load at the closing of an auxiliary push-button. The time delay starts at the opening of the auxiliary push-button. Mini impulse duration 6 200ms. Restart time delay any time with push button.
- RTH interval timer: timing of load from the energisation (coil of a contactor or relay). The time delay cycle begins, on the energisation of the RTH, by switching on the load. At the end of the time delay, the load is de-energized.
- RTL repeat cycle timer: repetitive cycle which alternatively energizes and de-energizes a load. From the energisation of RTL, the load is switched on.
- RTMF multi function timer: one relay providing functions $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and H via a selector switch located in front.


U : supply voltage ; UZ : load voltage ; S : signal from contact/pushbutton

## General overview

## Relays

Time delay relays are used in service sector and industrial buildings for small automatic control systems: ventilation, heating, animation, roller blind servo controls, escalators, pumps, lighting, signalling, monitoring, etc

Time delay relays


## iRTA

- Delays energizing of a load

iRTB
- Delays de-energizing of a load upon closing of an auxiliary contact (push button)



## iRTC

- Delays de-energizing of a load upon opening of an auxiliary contact (push button)


## ^ Time delay


iRTH

- Applies a time delay to de-energizing of a load



## iRTL

- Applies a time delay to energizing and de-energizing of a load during different times, repeatedly (flasher)



## iRTMF

- Allows one of the four types of time delay to be selected: A, B, C or H


[^0]:    (*) $^{*}$ The 10 mA sensitivity is useful for certain very specific applications, where there is a risk that someone could sustain a non-dangerous current (10 to 30 mA ) without being able to get free. Example: health care equipment for hospital beds. Generally, devices with this very high sensitivity are liable to cause frequent tripping, due to the natural leakage currents of the installation.

[^1]:    (1) According to amendment 2 of the wiring rules AS/NZS 3000, Type AC RCD shall not be used for the following applications from 30 April 2023:

    Domestic and Residential, all final subcircuits

    - Non-domestic and non-residential socket outlets and lighting, directly connected hand-held equipment and increased risk circuits up to 32A.

    Recognising Type A RCDs as accepted general usage, Schneider doesn't carry any Type AC RCD in the Acti9 offer of RCCBs and RCBOs.

[^2]:    * CM: common mode (phase to earth and neutral to earth)
    (1) 1 differential mode (phase to neutral).
    (1) Uoc: combinated waveform voltage: 10 kV .

[^3]:    (2) compatible only with power supply terminals (bottom), having removed the indication flap of connection direction

[^4]:    (1) For C120, DPN.
    ${ }^{*}(\mathrm{Ua})$ : Voltages measured between the phase and the neutral conductor, at which the MSU device must control the associated protective device.

[^5]:    (1) For C120, DPN

[^6]:    - Consistent with the entire Acti9 offer and with all types

[^7]:    (*) do not use for lighting applications

[^8]:    (*) do not use for lighting applications

[^9]:    

